

РЕДОВИ РЕАЛНИХ БРОЈЕВА

~ група контролних задатака

1) КОЈЕМ ХИПЕРХАРМОНИЈСКОМ РЕДУ ЈЕ ЕКВИВАЛЕН
ПРЕТРАЖИ РЕД И ДА ЛИ ОН КОНВЕРГИРА

1. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+2)}$ $\frac{1}{n^2-2n} = \frac{1}{n^2(1-2/n)} = \frac{1}{n^2}$

2. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ КОНВЕРГИРА
РЕД

3. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^2-1}$ $\sim \frac{n}{n^2(1-1/n^2)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

4. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{n^3+2}$ $\frac{n^3}{n^3(1+2/n^3)} = \frac{1}{1+2/n^3} \sim \frac{1}{n^2}$ РЕД
КОНВЕРГИРА

5. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+2}{3n^2+1}$ $\frac{n^2+2}{3n^2+1} = \frac{1}{3}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^0}$

6. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n+2}{n^2+2}$ $\frac{n+2}{n^2+2} = \frac{n(1+2/n)}{n^2(1+2/n^2)} = \frac{1}{n}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

7. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+1}{n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2(1+1/n^2)}{n} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$

8. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2-5}{3n^3+2n-1}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2(1-5/2n^2)}{3n^3(1+2/3n^2-1/3n^3)} = \frac{2}{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

9. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+2n-1}{n^3+n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3(1+2/n-1/n^3)}{n^3(1+1/n^2)}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$ РЕД
КОНВЕРГИРА

10. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n(n+1)}{2n^2+n-2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2(1+1/n)}{2n^2(1+1/2n-1/n^2)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

11. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3+n^2+n+1}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3(1+n/n^2+1/n+1/n^3)}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

12. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n(n+1)}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{1+1/n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ РЕД
ДИВЕРГИРА

30.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n^2+2n} - \sqrt{n+1}}{\sqrt{n^3}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+2n+n^2-1}{n^{3/2} \cdot n (\sqrt{n+2n} + \sqrt{n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n(1-1/2n)}{2n^{5/2}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

31.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n\sqrt{n^2+2n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+\sqrt{n^2+2n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n^2-n^2-2n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n}{-2n^2}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

32.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}(\sqrt{n^2+1}-n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}(\sqrt{n^2+1}+n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n}{n^{3/2}(\sqrt{n^2+1}+n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2}}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

33.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n^2(\sqrt{2n-1}-\sqrt{2n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n^2(\sqrt{2n+1}+\sqrt{2n-1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3\sqrt{2}n^{1/2}(\sqrt{1-1/2n}+\sqrt{1+1/2n})}{n^2(2n+2n-1)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{6\sqrt{2}n^{1/2}}{-2n^2}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

34.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1}+\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+1}}{(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+1}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

35.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n})^2}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n}+n)}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2+2n-4n}{2n(1+1/2n+\sqrt{1+1/n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

36.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\sqrt{n+5}-\sqrt{n+2})^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\sqrt{n+5}+\sqrt{n+2})^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{24n^2}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{16n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

37.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{2n^2+n+1}-\sqrt{2n})^3}{(2n^2+n+1-2n)^3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{2}-n(\sqrt{1+1/2n}+\sqrt{1+1/n}))^3}{2\sqrt{2}n^3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

38.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+3}-\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n+3}+\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+3}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+3}}{(\sqrt{n+3}+\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+3}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

39.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3\sqrt{n+1}-3\sqrt{n}}{n^{1/3}(1+\sqrt{n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+1}}{n^{1/3}(1+\sqrt{n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

40.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n^2+n^2}-\sqrt{n^2+1}}{n}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+n^2-n^2-1}{n \cdot n^2(1+1/n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

35.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n})^2}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n}+n)}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2+2n-4n}{2n(1+1/2n+\sqrt{1+1/n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

36.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\sqrt{n+5}-\sqrt{n+2})^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\sqrt{n+5}+\sqrt{n+2})^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{24n^2}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{16n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

37.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{2n^2+n+1}-\sqrt{2n})^3}{(2n^2+n+1-2n)^3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{2}-n(\sqrt{1+1/2n}+\sqrt{1+1/n}))^3}{2\sqrt{2}n^3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

38.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+3}-\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n+3}+\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+3}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+3}}{(\sqrt{n+3}+\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+3}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

39.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3\sqrt{n+1}-3\sqrt{n}}{n^{1/3}(1+\sqrt{n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}) \cdot \sqrt{n+1}}{n^{1/3}(1+\sqrt{n+1})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}}$$

PEL KOHBEPTMA

40.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n^2+n^2}-\sqrt{n^2+1}}{n}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+n^2-n^2-1}{n \cdot n^2(1+1/n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

35.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n})^2}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n}+n)}{(2n+1-2\sqrt{n^2+n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2+2n-4n}{2n(1+1/2n+\sqrt{1+1/n})}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

PEL DMBEPMA

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 42. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3\sqrt[n]{n^2+1} - 3\sqrt[n]{n^2}}{n^2}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 43. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2n}}{n^2}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 44. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{n/2}}{n^2-2}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 45. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (e^{3/n} - 1)$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 46. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{n}(e^{1/n^2} - 1)$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 47. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n})}{n^2+2n}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 48. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2/n^2}}{n^2}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 50. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (e^{1/n} - 1) \cdot \text{Sh}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 52. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(n/n)}{\sqrt{n+2}}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 53. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\sqrt{n})}{\sqrt{n+3}}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 54. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2(1/n)}{n+5}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 55. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\frac{2n}{n^2+1})}{n}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 56. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\frac{2n}{3\sqrt{n}})}{n}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 57. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n + (\cos \frac{1}{n^3} - 1)}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 58. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1 - \cos(2/n))}{\sqrt{n}}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 59. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3(1 - \cos \frac{1}{n^2})}{n^2}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 60. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\text{tg}(\frac{2n}{n})}{n}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА
 61. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{5}{n}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА
 62. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+3}$ PEO КОНВЕРГИРА

63. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \left(\cos \frac{1}{n} - 1 \right) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{2n^2} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTHMA

64. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \lg \frac{\sqrt{n+3}}{n^2+2} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ PEO OMBE PTMMA

65. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\arcsin \frac{1}{n}}{n^2+1} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 KOHBEPTHMA

66. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \arcsin \frac{1}{3\sqrt{n}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 PEO OMBEPTHMA

67. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n^2+1}} \cdot \arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$

68. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{1/3}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 PEO OMBEPTHMA

69. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ PEO KOHBEPTHMA

70. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(1+\frac{2}{n})}{n} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO OMBEPTHMA

71. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(1+\frac{1}{n^2})}{n^2} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$
 KOHBEPTHMA

72. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$

73. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{1}{n}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{5/3}}$
 OMBEPTHMA

74. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 KOHBEPTHMA

75. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln(1+\sin \frac{1}{n^2}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 PEO KOHBEPTHMA

76. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \ln(1+\sin \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ PEO OMBEPTHMA

77. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln(\frac{n+3}{n}) \cdot \sin \frac{1}{n^2+3} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n^3}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3}$ PEO KOHBEPTHMA

78. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/5}} \cdot \ln(n^3+1) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/5}}$
 OMBEPTHMA

79. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/5}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{3}{n^3}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n^{13/5}}$
 PEO KOHBEPTHMA

80. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n (\ln(n^3+2) - 3 \ln n) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n (\ln(n^3+2) - \ln n^3)$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \ln(1+\frac{2}{n^3}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2}$

81. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{2}{n^3}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5}$
 PEO KOHBEPTHMA

82. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2}} (\ln(n^3+2n) - 3 \ln n) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{5/2}}$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{5/2}}$

83. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{2}{n^3}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{4/3}}$
 PEO KOHBEPTHMA

84. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \ln(n^{3/2} + \frac{2}{n}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n (\ln(n^{3/2} + 2) - \ln n)$
 $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \ln(1+\frac{2}{n^{3/2}}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{1/2}}$

85. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}} \cdot \ln(1+\frac{2}{n^2}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{7/2}}$
 PEO KOHBEPTHMA

80. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$
 PEO KOHBEPTMPA

81. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(n\sqrt{n}) - \ln\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n^3}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$
 PEO KOHBEPTMPA

82. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ PEO DUBEPMPA

82. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(n^2+4n) - 2\ln n}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

83. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(3n+2) - \ln 3 - \ln n}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

84. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n + \ln(n-2) - \ln n^2}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

80. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ PEO KOHBEPTMPA

II) ODPEDMTH BA KOYU BPEJHOCTH MAPAMETPA P DATH PEO KOHBEPTMPA:

1. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n^2-1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n^2(1-1/n^2)}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

$p > 3/2$ $PG(3/2, \infty)$
 $p > 3/2$ $PG(3/2, \infty)$

2. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2+n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$

3. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+1}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

4. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

5. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

6. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

7. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

8. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

9. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

10. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sim \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$

$3/2 - p/2 > 1$ $-p/2 > 1/2 \Rightarrow p < -1$ $p < -1$

11. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^{p-1}}{(\sqrt{n^2+1})^3}$ $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-p}}$ $p > 2$ $p \in (2, 3)$
 $p < 3$ $p \in (-\infty, 2)$

12. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n+1}+n)^p}{n^2 - \sqrt{n+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{7-p}}$ $p > 4$ $p \in (4, +\infty)$
 $p > -6$ $p \in (-\infty, 6)$

13. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^{3-1}}{(\sqrt{n+1}+n)^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-3}}$ $p > 4$ $p \in (4, +\infty)$
 $p > 4$ $p \in (4, +\infty)$

14. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n^2+2}+n}{n^3+2n-2}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-3p/2}}$ $3-3p/2 > 1$ $p < 4/3$
 $-3p/2 > -2/3$ $p < 1/3$

15. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n^2+1})^p}{(\sqrt{n+3})^3}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2-p}}$ $3/2-p > 1$ $p < 1/2$
 $-p > -1/2$ $p < 1/2$

16. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{n^2+1})^p}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+2}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/5-2p/3}}$ $2/5-2p/3 > 0$ $p < 5/12$
 $6-10p > 0$ $p < 3/5$
 $-10p > -6$ $p < 3/5$

17. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{(\sqrt{n+1}+3)^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3-1}}$ $2p/3-1 > 1$ $p > 9/2$
 $2p > 6$ $p > 3$

18. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 \sqrt{n+6}}{(\sqrt{n+2})^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p/3-2}}$ $p/3-2 > 1$ $p > 9$
 $p/3 > 3$ $p > 9$

19. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n+1}}{(\sqrt{n+2})^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p/4-1/3}}$ $p/4-1/3 > 1$ $p > 16/3$
 $3p-4 > 12$ $p > 16/3$

20. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2-2}}$ $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3-p}}$ $2/3-p > 1$ $p < -1/3$
 $p < -1/3$ $p \in (-\infty, -1/3)$

21. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{n+1})^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p/2-2}}$ $p/2-2 > 1$ $p > 6$
 $-3p > -6$ $p < 2$

22. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^p+2}}{n^2-n+1}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2-p/3}}$ $2-p/3 > 1$ $p < 6$
 $-p/3 > -1$ $p < 3$

23. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n^4)^p}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4p-2}}$ $4p-2 > 2$ $p > 1$
 $4p-2p > 2$ $p > 1$

24. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+4}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2-p}}$ $3/2-p > 1$ $p < 1/2$
 $3-p > 1$ $p < 2$

25. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+3}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3-2}}$ $2p/3-2 > 1$ $p > 9/2$
 $2p > 6$ $p > 3$

26. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p-5/2}}$ $2p-5/2 > 1$ $p > 7/4$
 $4sp > 1$ $2p > 1$

27. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3-2}}$ $2p/3-2 > 1$ $p > 9/2$
 $2p > 6$ $p > 3$

28. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3-2}}$ $2p/3-2 > 1$ $p > 9/2$
 $2p > 6$ $p > 3$

29. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3-2}}$ $2p/3-2 > 1$ $p > 9/2$
 $2p > 6$ $p > 3$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^p (\sqrt{n+2} - \sqrt{n+1}) \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-1/2}}$$

$\frac{1}{2} - p > \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p < 0$
 $\frac{1}{2} - p < \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p > 0$
 $\frac{1}{2} - p = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p = 0$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p} \sim \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p-1}}$$

$2p - 1 > 1 \Rightarrow 2p > 2 \Rightarrow p > 1$
 $2p - 1 < 1 \Rightarrow 2p < 2 \Rightarrow p < 1$
 $2p - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow 2p = 2 \Rightarrow p = 1$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^p (\sqrt{n^2-1}) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p-1}}$$

$2p - 1 > 1 \Rightarrow 2p > 2 \Rightarrow p > 1$
 $2p - 1 < 1 \Rightarrow 2p < 2 \Rightarrow p < 1$
 $2p - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow 2p = 2 \Rightarrow p = 1$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$$

$2p > 1 \Rightarrow p > \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p < 1 \Rightarrow p < \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p = 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-1/2}}$$

$p - \frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p > 1$
 $p - \frac{1}{2} < \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p < 1$
 $p - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow p = 1$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n^2+1)^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$$

$2p > 1 \Rightarrow p > \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p < 1 \Rightarrow p < \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p = 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p+1}}$$

$p+1 > 1 \Rightarrow p > 0$
 $p+1 < 1 \Rightarrow p < 0$
 $p+1 = 1 \Rightarrow p = 0$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$$

$2p > 1 \Rightarrow p > \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p < 1 \Rightarrow p < \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p = 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n^2+1)^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$$

$2p > 1 \Rightarrow p > \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p < 1 \Rightarrow p < \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p = 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n^2+1)^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$$

$2p > 1 \Rightarrow p > \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p < 1 \Rightarrow p < \frac{1}{2}$
 $2p = 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{2}$

II) ИСПЫТАТИ КОНВЕРГЕНЦИЈА РЕДА:

1. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{3^n}$ Деламберов критериум

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{3^n}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3 + 3n^2 + 3n + 1}{3n^3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$\frac{1}{3} < 1$ РЕД КОНВЕРГИРА

2. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2+2}{3^n}$ Деламберов критериум

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2+2}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{3^n}{n^2+2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2+2n+4+2}{3n^2+6} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2+2n+3}{3n^2+6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

РЕД КОНВЕРГИРА

3. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^4}{4n+9}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^4}{4(n+1)+9} \cdot \frac{4n+9}{n^4} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^4}{4n+13} \cdot \frac{4n+9}{n^4}$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{4n} = \frac{1}{4}$$

4. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n^2+2n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2+2(n+1)} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n}{2^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n+1}}{2n^2+4n+2} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n}{2^n} = 2$

5. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{n^2+2n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2+2(n+1)} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n}{4^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4^{n+1}}{2n^2+4n+2} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n}{4^n} = 4$

6. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 3^{2n}}{n \cdot 3^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 \cdot 3^{2(n+1)}}{(n+1) \cdot 3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{n \cdot 3^n}{2 \cdot 3^{2n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 \cdot 3^{2n+2}}{3^{n+1}(n+1)} \cdot \frac{n \cdot 3^n}{2 \cdot 3^{2n}} = 3$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n}{3n+3} = \frac{4}{3}$

7. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^2+2n+1}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{(n+1)^2+2(n+1)+1} \cdot \frac{n}{n^2+2n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{4(n+1)^2} \cdot \frac{n}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{1}{4}$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$ (C)

8. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3+3}{2^n \cdot 3^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3+3}{2^{n+1} \cdot 3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{2^n \cdot 3^n}{n^3+3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3+3n^2+3n+4}{2^{n+1} \cdot 3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{2^n \cdot 3^n}{n^3+3} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{24}$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3+3n^2+3n+4}{2^{n+1} \cdot 3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{2^n \cdot 3^n}{n^3+3} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{24}$ (C)

9. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^5}{3^{2n+5}}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^5}{3^{2(n+1)+5}} \cdot \frac{3^{2n+5}}{n^5} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^5}{3^{2n+7}} \cdot \frac{3^{2n+5}}{n^5} = \frac{1}{9}$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^5}{3^{2n+5}} = \frac{1}{9}$ (C)

10. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{n+1}}{n^2+2n^3}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+2}}{(n+1)^2+2(n+1)^3} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n^3}{3^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+2}}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{n^2+2n^3}{n^2+2n^3} = 3$

11. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5^{n+2}+3}{7n+6}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^{n+3}+3}{7(n+1)+6} \cdot \frac{7n+6}{5^{n+2}+3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^{n+3}}{7n+12} \cdot \frac{7n+6}{5^{n+2}} = \frac{5}{7}$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^{n+2}+3}{7n+6} = \frac{5}{7}$ (C)

12. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{n+6}}{3^{n+1}+6}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+7}}{3^{n+2}+6} \cdot \frac{3^{n+1}+6}{3^{n+6}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+7}}{3^{n+2}} \cdot \frac{3^{n+1}}{3^{n+6}} = 3$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+6}}{3^{n+1}+6} = \frac{4}{3}$ (D)

14. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{n!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!}{(n+1)^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{n^3} = 0$ (C)

15. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}$ (D)

16. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})^n$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n^2+2n+1} \cdot 2^{n+1} \cdot (1+0)}{2^{(n+1)^2+2(n+1)+1} \cdot (1+0)} = \frac{2}{5 \cdot 3} = \frac{2}{15}$ (D)

17. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n(n+1) \cdot n!}{3^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3) \cdot n!}{3^{n+1}} = 0$ (C)

18. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^4 \cdot (\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})^n}{5n^4}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})^n}{5} = \frac{1.41+1.73}{5} < 1$ (C)

19. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^4+n^3}{3n^3+...}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3 \cdot 3^{n+1}}{3n^3+...} = +\infty$ DИBEPГИPA

20. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^2}{4n^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!^2}{4(n+1)^2} = 0$ PEA KONBEPTИPA

21. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{4^n n^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)(2n+1) \cdot n^2}{4^{n+1} (n+1)^2} = 0$ DИBEPГИPA

22. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^3+2}{(3n)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n+3)!}{(3n+3) \cdot (3n+2) \cdot (3n+1) \cdot (3n)!} = 0$ PEA KONBEPTИPA

23. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n!(2n)!}{(3n)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)(2n+2)}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)} = \frac{4}{27}$ KONBEPTИPA

24. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(4n)!}{(2n+1)(n!)^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(4n+1)(4n+2)(4n+3)(4n+4)}{(2n+3)(2n+2)(n+1)^2} = 4$ PEA DИBEPГИPA

25. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!^2}{(2n+2)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{2(2n+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{2} = +\infty$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

26. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^3}{(3n)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!^3}{(3n+3)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{27} = \frac{1}{27}$ PEO КОМБИЕРИРА

27. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{2^n (n!)^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+2)!}{2^{n+1} ((n+1)!)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+2)(2n+1)}{2(n+1)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{n+1} = 2$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

28. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n-1)!}{e^n ((n+1)!)^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)!}{e^{n+1} ((n+2)!)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)(2n)}{e(2n+2)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n^2}{e \cdot 4n^2} = \frac{1}{e}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

29. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^3}{((2n)!)^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!^3}{((2n+2)!)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3}{4(n+1)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{4} = +\infty$ PEO КОМБИЕРИРА

30. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)!^2}{(2n+2)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)!^2}{(2n+4)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)^2}{4(n+2)(n+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+2}{4(n+1)} = \frac{1}{4}$ PEO КОМБИЕРИРА

31. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!}{(n+1)^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)^{n-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)^{n-1} = \frac{1}{e}$ PEO КОМБИЕРИРА

32. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!}{(n+1)^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)^n = e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

33. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n \cdot n!}{n^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n+1} (n+1)!}{(n+1)^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{(n+1)^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{e} = \frac{2}{e}$ PEO КОМБИЕРИРА

34. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n \cdot n!}{n^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^{n+1} (n+1)!}{(n+1)^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^n}{e} = \frac{3}{e}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

35. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^3}{(3n)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!^3}{(3n+3)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$ PEO ДИВЕРГИРА

36. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (4n)!$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(4n+4)!}{(4n)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (4n+4) \cdot (4n+3) \cdot (4n+2) \cdot (4n+1) + n^n$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{27n^4 + \dots}{256n^4 + \dots} = \frac{27}{256}$ PEO KOHBEPTMA

37. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10 \dots (4n-2)}{4 \cdot 7 \cdot 10 \dots (3n+1)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6 \cdot 10 \cdot 14 \dots (4n+2)}{7 \cdot 10 \cdot 13 \dots (3n+4)} = \frac{4 \cdot 7 \cdot 10 \dots (3n+1)}{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (4n+1)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(4n+2) \cdot 4}{(3n+4) \cdot 2} = \frac{4 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 2} = \frac{16}{6} = \frac{8}{3}$ PEO ДИВЕРГЕНЦА

38. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n-1)}{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 11 \dots (5n-4)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 \cdot 8 \cdot 11 \dots (3n+2)}{6 \cdot 11 \cdot 16 \dots (5n+1)} = \frac{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 11 \dots (5n-4)}{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n-1)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n+2) \cdot 1}{8(5n+1) \cdot 2} = \frac{3 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 2} = \frac{3}{10}$ PEO KOHBEPTMA

39. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10 \dots (4n+2)}{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+2)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{10 \cdot 14 \dots (4n+6)}{5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+5)} = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+2)}{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 10 \dots (4n+2)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{20n+30}{18n+30} = \frac{20}{18} = \frac{10}{9}$ PEO ДИВЕРГЕНЦА

40. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{100 \cdot 102 \dots (98+2n)}{1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 \dots (3n-2)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 \cdot (100+2n)}{(3n+1) \cdot 100} = \frac{2 \cdot 1}{3 \cdot 100} = \frac{1}{150}$ PEO KOHBEPTMA

41. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n-1)}{(2n)!}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+2)}{(2n+2)!} = \frac{(2n)!}{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+1)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n+2}{(2n+2) \cdot 2} = \frac{3}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{3}{4}$ PEO KOHBEPTMA

42. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{100 \cdot 103 \dots (97+3n)}{(2n+1)!}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{103 \cdot 106 \dots (900+3n)}{(2n+3)!} = \frac{(2n+1)!}{100 \cdot 103 \dots (97+3n)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{100 \cdot 3n}{(2n+3) \cdot 100} = \frac{3}{2 \cdot 100} = \frac{3}{200}$ PEO KOHBEPTMA

43. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+1)!}{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 11 \dots (5n+1)}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+3)!}{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 11 \dots (5n+6)} = \frac{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 11 \dots (5n+1)}{(2n+1)!}$
 $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+3) \cdot 6}{5n+6} = \frac{2 \cdot 6}{5} = \frac{12}{5}$ PEO ДИВЕРГЕНЦА

$$44. \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!!}{1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 \dots (3n+1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+2)!!}{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \dots (3n+4)} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 \dots (3n+1)}{(2n)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4(2n+2)}{3n+4} = \frac{8}{3} \text{ PЕД ДИВЕРГИРА}$$

$$45. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 \cdot 5 \cdot 9 \dots (4n-3)}{3^n (2n+1)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n-3}{3^{n+1} (2n+3)!!} \cdot \frac{3^n (2n+1)!!}{4n-3}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n+1}{6n+9} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ PЕД КОНВЕРГИРА}$$

$$46. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5^n (2n)!!}{1 \cdot 7 \cdot 13 \dots (6n-5)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^n \cdot 5 \cdot (2n+2)!!}{7 \cdot 13 \dots (6n+1)} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 7 \cdot 13 \dots (6n-5)}{5^n \cdot (2n)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5(2n+2)}{6n+1} = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{6} = \frac{5}{3} \text{ PЕД ДИВЕРГИРА}$$

$$47. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 12 \dots (5n-3)}{4^n \cdot (2n+1)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n-3}{4^n \cdot (2n+1)!!} \cdot \frac{4^n \cdot (2n+1)!!}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 12 \dots (5n-3)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n+2}{8(2n+1)} = \frac{5}{8 \cdot 2} = \frac{5}{16} \text{ PЕД КОНВЕРГИРА}$$

$$48. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5^n (2n)!!}{1 \cdot 8 \cdot 15 \dots (7n-6)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^n \cdot 5 \cdot (2n+2)!!}{8 \cdot 15 \dots (7n+1)} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 8 \cdot 15 \dots (7n-6)}{5^n \cdot (2n)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{10n+10}{7n+1} = \frac{10}{7} \text{ PЕД ДИВЕРГИРА}$$

$$49. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+1)!!}{3^n n!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+3)!!}{3^{n+1} (n+1)!} \cdot \frac{3^n n!}{(2n+1)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+3}{3n+3} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ PЕД КОНВЕРГИРА}$$

$$50. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n (n+2)!!}{3^n (2n)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4^n \cdot 4 \cdot (n+3)!!}{3^{n+1} (2n+2)!!} \cdot \frac{3^n (2n)!!}{4^n \cdot (n+2)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n+12}{6n+6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ PЕД КОНВЕРГИРА}$$

$$51. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n (2n+1)!!}{5^n}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5^n \cdot 2 \cdot (2n+1)!!}{5^{n+1} \cdot 5} \cdot \frac{5^n}{2^n \cdot 2 \cdot (2n+1)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+2}{5} = +\infty \text{ PЕД ДИВЕРГИРА}$$

52. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (2n+1)!$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^n \cdot 3(2n+2)!! \cdot (2n+1)!}{(2n+3)! \cdot 3^n (2n)!}$$

$$L = \frac{6n+6}{2n+3} = \frac{6}{2} = 3 \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{ДИБЕРГЕНА}$$

53. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n (2n)!!}{(3n)!}$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4^n \cdot 4(2n+2)!! \cdot (3n)!}{(3n+3)! \cdot 4^n (2n)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{8n+8}{(3n+3)(3n+2)(3n+1)} = 0 \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГЕНА}$$

54. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+2)!}{3^n \cdot (2n+2)!!}$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+4)! \cdot 3^n \cdot (2n+2)!!}{3^n \cdot 3(2n+4)!! \cdot (2n+2)!!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+4)(2n+3)}{3(2n+4)} = 100 \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{ДИБЕРГЕНА}$$

55. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n-1)!}{(2n)!!} \cdot \frac{1}{n}$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)!}{(2n+2)!!} \cdot \frac{1}{n+1} \cdot \frac{(2n)!!}{(2n)!} \cdot n$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1) - 2n}{2n^2 + 4n + 2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n + 3 + 2n}{2n^2 + 4n + 2} = 100$$

PEO ДИБЕРГЕНА

56. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!!}{(2n+1)!} \cdot n$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+2)!!}{(2n+3)!} \cdot (n+1) \cdot \frac{(2n)!!}{(2n)!} \cdot \frac{1}{n}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2 + 2n + 2n + 2}{(2n+3)(2n+2) \cdot n} = 0 \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГЕНА}$$

57. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n-1)!!}{(2n)!!} \cdot \frac{1}{3^n}$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)!!}{(2n+2)!!} \cdot \frac{1}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{(2n)!!}{(2n)!!} \cdot 3^n$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{3(2n+2)} = \frac{2}{3 \cdot 2} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГЕНА}$$

58. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+2)!!}{(2n-1)!!} \cdot n^n$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+4)!!}{(2n+3)!!} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{(2n-1)!!}{(2n-1)!!} \cdot n^n$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4n+4}{n(2n+3)} = \frac{4}{n \cdot 2} = \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{PEO} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГЕНА}$$

59. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n-2}{n+2} \right)^n$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n-2-4}{n+2} \right)^{n+1} \cdot \frac{n^2}{n^2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^n = e^{-4}$$

PEO КОМБЕРГЕНА

16

$$60. \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n-3}{n+3} \right)^n \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n-3}{n+3} \right)^{\frac{n-3}{n+3}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{6}{n+3} \right)^{\frac{6}{n+3}}$$

$$L = e^{-6} = \frac{1}{e^6} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{KONBEPHHA}$$

$$61. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n}{n+2} \right)^{3n} \cdot \left(\frac{2n}{2n+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n}{n+2} \right)^{3n} \cdot \left(\frac{2n}{2n+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{2n}{n+2} \right)^{\frac{3n}{n+2}} \cdot \left(\frac{2n-1}{2n+1} \right)^{\frac{n^2}{n+2}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{2n}{n+2} \right)^{\frac{3n}{n+2}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n+1} \right)^{\frac{n^2}{n+2}}$$

$$L = e^6 \cdot e^{-1/2} = e^{11/2} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{DUBEPHHA}$$

$$62. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n-1}{2n+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n-1}{2n+1} \right)^{\frac{n^2}{n+1}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{2n+1} \right)^{\frac{n^2}{n+1}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{-\frac{2n}{n+1}} = e^{-2} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{DUBEPHHA}$$

$$63. \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n-1}{n+1} \right)^{n(n-1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n-1}{n+1} \right)^{\frac{n(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{n+1} \right)^{\frac{n(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = e^{-2} = \frac{1}{e^2} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{KONBEPHHA}$$

$$64. \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n-1}{3n+1} \right)^{n(n-1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n-1}{3n+1} \right)^{\frac{n(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{3n+1} \right)^{\frac{n(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{KONBEPHHA}$$

$$65. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n^2-5}{n^2+6} \right)^{n^3}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n^2-5}{n^2+6} \right)^{\frac{n^3}{n^2}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{11}{n^2+6} \right)^{\frac{n^3}{n^2}}$$

$$L = e^{-11} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{KONBEPHHA}$$

$$66. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2n}{3-4n} \right)^{2n} \cdot \left(\frac{2n^2}{2n^2+1} \right)^{n^3}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2n}{3-4n} \right)^{\frac{2n}{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2n^2}{2n^2+1} \right)^{\frac{n^3}{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3-4n+5}{3-4n} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2n^2-1}{2n^2+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{6n-3}{3-4n} \right)^2 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n^2+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = e^{-12} \cdot e^{-1/2} = e^{-14/2} = 1/e^{14/2} \quad \text{KONBEPH}$$

$$67. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n^2+5}{3n^2+n} \right)^{n^2(n-1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n^2+5}{3n^2+n} \right)^{\frac{n^2(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{3n^2+n} \right)^{\frac{n^2(n-1)}{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEA} \quad \text{KONBEPHHA}$$

$$68. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(3n-2)}{(3n^2+n+3)} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n-2)}{(3n^2+n+3)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n^2+3-1-3)}{(3n^2+n+3)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n^2-1)}{(3n^2+n+3)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 \cdot \frac{3n^2-1}{3n^2+n+3} \right)$$

$$L = e^{-1/3} = 1/e^{1/3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$69. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{3+\sqrt{n}} \right)^{n^{3/2}} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{3+\sqrt{n}} \right)^{n^{3/2}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+3}-2}{\sqrt{n+3}} \right)^{n^{3/2}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+3}} \right)^{n^{3/2}}$$

$$L = e^{-1} = 1/e \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$70. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+5}}{\sqrt{n+2}} \right)^{\sqrt{n}} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+5}}{\sqrt{n+2}} \right)^{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+2+3}}{\sqrt{n+2}} \right)^{\sqrt{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{\sqrt{n+2}} \right)^{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$L = e^3 \quad \text{ДИВЕРГНА}$$

$$71. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(3n+4)^n}{(4n+5)^n} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n+4)^n}{(4n+5)^n}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n+4}{4n+5} \right)^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^n = 0$$

$$L = e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$L = e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$72. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot \left(\frac{5n-2}{n+5} \right)^{n+5} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \cdot \left(\frac{5n-2}{n+5} \right)^{n+5}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 \cdot 3 = 3 \quad \text{ДИВЕРГНА}$$

$$73. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^3 \cdot \left(\frac{5n-2}{3n+2} \right)^{n^2} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^3 \cdot \left(\frac{5n-2}{3n+2} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = 1 \cdot \frac{5}{3} = \frac{5}{3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{ДИВЕРГНА}$$

$$74. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n+1}{2n-1} \right)^{2n} \cdot \left(\frac{n+5}{n+3} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n+1}{2n-1} \right)^{2n} \cdot \left(\frac{n+5}{n+3} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5-2}{3} \right)^{\infty} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^{\infty} = 0$$

$$L = \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^{-2} = \frac{1}{4e^2} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$75. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot \left(\frac{2n-1}{2n+2} \right)^{n^2} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \cdot \left(\frac{2n-1}{2n+2} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 \cdot \left(\frac{2n+2-3}{2n+2} \right)^{n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{3}{2n+2} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = e^{-3/2} = 1/e^{3/2} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$76. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3n^2-1}{3n^2+1} \right)^{n^2(n-1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3n^2-1}{3n^2+1} \right)^{n^2(n-1)}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 \cdot \left(\frac{3n^2-1}{3n^2+1} \right)^{n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{3n^2+1} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$L = e^{-2/3} = 1/e^{2/3} \quad \text{PEД} \quad \text{КОМБЕРГНА}$$

$$17. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^n \cdot \left(\frac{3n-2}{3n-2} \right)^{n+1} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{2^n \cdot \left(\frac{3n-2}{3n-2} \right)^{n+1}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \left(\frac{3n-2}{3n-2} \right)^{\frac{3n-2}{2}} = \frac{2^{3n-2}}{3n-2}$$

$$L = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3n-2} \right)^{\frac{3n-2}{2}} = \frac{2}{3n-2}$$

$L = 2 \cdot 0 = 0$ PED ДИВЕРГИРА

$$18. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{-n} \cdot \left(\frac{n^2+n+1}{n^2} \right)^{n^3} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^{-n} \cdot \left(\frac{n^2+n+1}{n^2} \right)^{n^3}$$

$$L = 2^{-1} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{n^2} \right)^{n^2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot e = \frac{e}{2}$ PED ДИВЕРГИРА

$$19. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3^{n+1} \cdot \left(\frac{n+2}{n+3} \right)^{n^2} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 3^{n+1} \cdot \left(\frac{n+2}{n+3} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = 3 \cdot \left(\frac{n+2}{n+3} \right)^n = 3 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+3} \right)^n$$

$L = 3 \cdot e^{-1} = \frac{3}{e}$ PED ДИВЕРГИРА

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 3^{-n} \cdot \left(\frac{2n+3}{2n} \right)^{n^2} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 3^{-n} \cdot \left(\frac{2n+3}{2n} \right)^{n^2}$$

$$L = 3^{-1} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2n} \right)^{\frac{2n}{2}} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$L = \frac{3}{2}$ PED КОМБИРА

$$21. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{6n+1}{5n-3} \right)^{n/2} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6} \right)^{2n/3}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{6n+1}{5n-3} \right)^{n/2} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6} \right)^{2n/3}$$

$$L = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{5}} \cdot \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{5}}$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$22. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n+5}{4n-2} \right)^{n/3} \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{n/5}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n+5}{4n-2} \right)^{n/3} \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{n/5}$$

$$L = \sqrt[3]{3} \cdot \sqrt[5]{\frac{4}{3}} = \sqrt[15]{\frac{4^5 \cdot 3^4}{3^5}} = \sqrt[15]{\frac{4^5}{3}}$$

PED ДИВЕРГИРА

$$23. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 2^{n+1}}{n} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 2^{n+1}}{n}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n+1} \cdot 2}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n+1}}{n}$$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n+1}}{n} = \infty$ PED ДИВЕРГИРА

$$24. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 3^{n^2+2}}{3n^2} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 3^{n^2+2}}{3n^2}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 3^{n^2}}{3n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 3^{n^2}}{3n^2}$$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n \cdot 3^{n^2}}{3n^2} = \infty$ PED КОМБИРА

$$25. \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{e^{nn}}{n!} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{nn}}{n!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n^2}}{n!} = 0$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$26. \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{e^{nn^3}}{n!} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{nn^3}}{n!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n^4}}{n!} = 0$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$27. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{nn}}{(2n)!} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{nn}}{(2n)!}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{n^2}}{(2n)!} = 0$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$28. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{(n!)^{3n}} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3}{(n!)^{3n}}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3}{(n!)^{3n}} = 0$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$\left(\frac{n}{(n!)^{3n}} \right)^{3n} = \left(\frac{e^{n^2}}{(n!)^{3n}} \right)^{3n} = 0$$

PED КОМБИРА

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n^2+1) \cdot \ln(n+1)} \quad L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{(n^2+1) \cdot \ln(n+1)}}$$

$$L = \frac{\ln(n+1)^{\frac{n^2+1}{n}}}{\ln(n+1)^{\frac{n^2+1}{n}}} = L = \ln(n+1)^{\frac{-n}{n^2+1}} = \ln(n+1)^0 = \ln 1 = 0$$

90. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(5n+2) \cdot 9n^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{(5n+2) \cdot 9n^2}} = \frac{1}{1 \cdot \ln 9} = \frac{1}{2 \ln 3}$

91. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{9n^{2n}}{(n+1)!}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{9n^{2n}}{(n+1)!}} = 0$ PEQ

92. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(6n)^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{(6n)^n}} = \frac{1}{6n} = 0$

93. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln \left(\frac{2^{n+1}}{2^n} \right)$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(\frac{2^{n+1}}{2^n} \right) = \ln 2$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2^n} \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2^n} \right) = \frac{1}{2^n} = \frac{1}{2}$

94. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2(2n)}{2^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{\sin^2(2n)}{2^n}} = \frac{1}{2}$

95. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^n \cdot \sin^2 \frac{1}{2^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{2^n \cdot \sin^2 \frac{1}{2^n}} = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1$

96. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^n + \cos n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{3^n + \cos n}} = \frac{1}{3}$

97. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \cdot \sin \frac{u}{2^n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{n^2 \cdot \sin \frac{u}{2^n}} = \frac{1}{2}$

98. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \cos \left(\frac{u}{2^n} \right) \right)$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{1 - \cos \left(\frac{u}{2^n} \right)} = \frac{1}{2}$

$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \cos \left(\frac{u}{2^n} \right)}{2^{2n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2^2} = \frac{1}{4}$

99. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n+2}{4^{n+5} n}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{n+2}{4^{n+5} n}} = \frac{1}{4}$

100. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n \cdot \sin \frac{1}{n}}{2^{n+1} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \right)^n}$ $L = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 0$

101. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (e^n - 1) \cdot \arcsin \frac{1}{n^2}$ $L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{(e^n - 1) \cdot \arcsin \frac{1}{n^2}} = e \cdot \frac{1}{n^2} = 0$

20

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{3+2n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{n^3+2n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/4}} \quad 3/4 < 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/4}} = 0$$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРГИРА

$$\sqrt[4]{n^3+2n} < \sqrt[4]{(n+1)^3+2(n+1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{n^3+2n}} > \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{(n+1)^3+2(n+1)}}$$

$$6. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt[4]{n^4+3n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt[4]{n^4+3n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \quad p=1 \leq 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРГИРА

$$\sqrt[4]{n^4+3n} < \sqrt[4]{(n+1)^4+3(n+1)}$$

$$7. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[4]{n^2+2n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[4]{n^2+2n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2}} \quad 1/2 < 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2}} = 0$$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРГИРА

$$f'(x) = \frac{n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+2n}} < 0 \text{ ЗА ДОБОРОМО БЕЛИМО } n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{n^3+2n} = n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[3]{3n^2+2}$$

$$x \cdot n^{-1+4n} - 3n^{-2n} - 2n^{-1n^3+2n^{-10}} - 2(n^3+2n) \sqrt[3]{n^3+2n} - 2(n^3+2n)^{3/2} - n(n^2-2) < 0 \quad (T)$$

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+1}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+1}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{-1/2}} \quad -1/2 < 1$$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРГИРА

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{-1/2}} = 0$$

$$f''(x) = \left(\frac{n^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+1}} \right)' = \frac{2n\sqrt[3]{n^3+1} - n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{3n^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+1}}}{2n^2+2n-3n^4} = \frac{n^3+1}{-n^4+2n} < 0$$

ЗА ДОБОРОМО
БЕЛИМО $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$9. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt[3]{n+2}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt[3]{n+2}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{-1/2}}$$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРГИРА

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{-1/2}} = 0$$

ЗА ДОБОРОМО БЕЛИМО
СРЕДНОСТИ $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{n+2}}{n-1} \right)' = \frac{\sqrt[3]{n+2} - (n-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n+2}}}{2n+4 - n-1} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{n+2} - \frac{n-1}{2\sqrt[3]{n+2}}}{n+3} = \frac{2(n+2)^{3/2} - (n-1)}{2(n+2)^{3/2}}$$

102. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt[3]{2}) \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt[3]{2}) \dots (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt[3]{2})$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[2n]{2} \left(1 - \frac{2^{1/3}}{2^{1/2n}} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{2})^{1/n} = \sqrt{2} \text{ ряд сублирует}$$

103. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{3}) \cdot (\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{3}) \dots (\sqrt[3]{3} - \sqrt[3]{3})$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = (\sqrt[3]{3})^{1/n} \cdot (1-0)^{n/n} = \sqrt[3]{3}$$

ряд сублирует

104. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt[5]{5} - \sqrt[5]{5}) \cdot (\sqrt[5]{5} - \sqrt[5]{5}) \dots (\sqrt[5]{5} - \sqrt[5]{5})$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 5^{1/n} \cdot (1-0)^{n/n} = \sqrt[5]{5}$$

ряд сублирует

105. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt{7} - \sqrt[3]{7}) \cdot (\sqrt{7} - \sqrt[3]{7}) \dots (\sqrt{7} - \sqrt[3]{7})$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[2n]{7} \cdot (1-0)^n = \sqrt{7}$$

ряд сублирует

11. ИСПИТАТИ КОНВЕРГЕНЦИЈУ РЕДА:

1. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n^3+2}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n^3+2}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ $p = \frac{3}{2} > 1$

РЕД АБСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРГИРА

2. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^4+3}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^4+3}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}}$ $p = 4/3 > 1$

РЕД АБСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРГИРА

3. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[5]{n^4+2}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[5]{n^4+2}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/5}}$ $p = 4/5 < 1$

МАЈЕНИЛОВ ТЕСТ

УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГИРА

(1) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/5}} = 0$

(2) $\sqrt[5]{n^4+2} < \sqrt[5]{(n+1)^4+2}$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{n^4+2}} > \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{(n+1)^4+2}}$$

4. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}}$ $2/3 < 1$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}} = 0$

РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГИРА

$\sqrt[3]{n^2+1} < \sqrt[3]{(n+1)^2+1}$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+1}} > \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{(n+1)^2+1}}$$

$$10. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n+3}{\sqrt{n^2+3n}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |(-1)^{n+1} \frac{n+3}{\sqrt{n^2+3n}}| \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

$3/2 > 1$ РЯД КОНВЕРГИРУА (АПОСЛУТНО)

$$11. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+2n^5}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |(-1)^n \frac{n^2}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+2n^5}}| \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}}$$

РЯД АПОСЛУТНО КОНВЕРГИРУА

$$12. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+2}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |(-1)^n \frac{n}{\sqrt[3]{n^3+2}}| \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}}$$

ЛАУБЧИЦОВ ТЕСТ

1. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{2/3}} = 0$

2. ЗА СОВОДНО ВЕЛИЧЕ
 $f(x) < 0$ БРЕЖКОСТИ X
 $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^3+2}} \right)'$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^3+2}} - (x+1) \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^3+2}}$

$$\frac{3x^2+6-x-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2+5-x-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2+4-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2+3-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2+2-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2+1-1}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^3+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{5-4-1}{5} > 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{0}{5} > 0$$

РЯД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГИРУА

$$13. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+2}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |(-1)^n \frac{n}{\sqrt[3]{n^2+2}}| \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/6}}$$

$-1/6 < 1$ ЛАУБЧИЦОВ ТЕСТ

1. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/6}} = 0$

2. $f'(x) < 0$

$$\frac{5}{2} \frac{3/2}{n} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{2n}{\sqrt[3]{(2n^2+1)^4}} - \sqrt[3]{n^5} \frac{15}{2} \frac{3/2}{n} - (n^2+2) \frac{1/3}{n^2} - 2n \frac{5/4}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{(n^2+2)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{15}{2} \frac{3/2}{n} (n^2+2) \frac{1/3}{n^2} - 2n \frac{5/4}{n^2} < 0$$

$$\frac{15}{2} \sqrt[3]{n^3} - \sqrt[3]{n^4+4n^2+4} - 2\sqrt[3]{n^7} < 0$$

$$\frac{15}{2} \sqrt[3]{n^2+4} + 4n^2 \frac{3}{2} + 4n \frac{3}{2} - 2\sqrt[3]{n^7} < 0$$

$$14. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n-1}{\sqrt[3]{n^4}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |(-1)^{n-1} \frac{n-1}{\sqrt[3]{n^4}}| \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}}$$

ЛАУБЧИЦОВ ТЕСТ

1. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{4/3}} = 0$

2. $f'(x) < 0$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{n^4+1}}{\sqrt[3]{n^4}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{(n+1)^4+1}}{\sqrt[3]{(n+1)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{n^4+1}}{\sqrt[3]{n^4}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{(n+1)^4+1}}{\sqrt[3]{(n+1)^4}} > 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^4}} - \frac{4x^3}{2\sqrt[3]{x^4+1}} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{1/3}{x}$$

$$12x^3 - 8x^{13/3} - 8x^{1/3} < 0 \quad x^{9/3}$$

$$8x^{8/3} - 8x^{13/3} < 0$$

$$8x^{8/3} - 8x^{13/3} < 0 \quad \sqrt[3]{x} = a^3 \frac{4}{3}$$

$$3a^9 - 2a^9(12+1) < 0$$

$$3a^9 - 2a^9 \cdot 13 - 2a^9 < 0 \quad /: a^9$$

$$-2a^9 + 3a^9 - 2 < 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+3}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+3}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/4}}$$

3/4 < 1 ЛАЙБНИЦОВ ТЕСТ

1 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/4}} = 0$

2 $f'(x) < 0$ $\frac{2\sqrt{x+2}}{4\sqrt{(x+3)^3}} < 0$

$$\frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{(n+3)^3}} > \frac{\sqrt{n+3}}{\sqrt{(n+1)^3+3}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{(n+3)^3}} > 0$$

$$\sqrt{(n+1)^3+3} - \sqrt{(n+2)^3} > \sqrt{(n+3)^3} - \sqrt{(n+3)^3}$$

$$\sqrt{(n+1)^3+3} < \sqrt{(n+3)^3}$$

$$\sqrt{n+2} < \sqrt{n+3}$$

0 < 1
МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД ДИВЕРГЕНА

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^0}$$

ЛАЙБНИЦОВ ТЕСТ

1 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^0} = 1$

17. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n}{\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n-1}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1})}{n - n + 1} \sim N$

$$N \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1})$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1})$

2 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2n^{3/2} = +\infty$

18. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2 (\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n-1})} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1})}{n^2}$

$$N \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{n-1})}{n^2}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ ДИВЕРГЕНА

РЕД АПОСЯЭТНУ ДИВЕРГЕНА

19. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (n+3)}{\sqrt{n^2+n} - n} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (n+3) (\sqrt{n^2+n} + n)}{n^2+n-n}$

$$N \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n (n+3) (\sqrt{n^2+n} + n)$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} \cdot (n + \sqrt{n^2+n})}{n(\sqrt{n^2+n}-n)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} \cdot (n + \sqrt{n^2+n})}{n^2}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ $1=1$ МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД ГИВЕРСИРА

ЛАВНИЦОВ ТЕСТ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$ ЗА ДОВОЛНО ВЕЛИКЕ ПРОИЗВОДНЕ ВРЕДНОСТИ

$$2 \int (x) < 0 \text{ ПРОМЕНЛИВЕ } x$$

$$\left(\frac{x + \sqrt{x^2+x}}{x^2} \right)' = \frac{(1+2x) \cdot \sqrt{x^2+x} - 2x(x + \sqrt{x^2+x})}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^2+x} - 2x^2 - 4x^2 - 4x\sqrt{x^2+x}}{x^4} < 0$$

$$2x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x^2 \sqrt{x^2+x} - 4x\sqrt{x^2+x} < 0$$

$$2x^3 - 4x^2 < 4x\sqrt{x^2+x} - 2x^2 \sqrt{x^2+x} \quad | : 2$$

$$x^3 - 2x^2 < 2x\sqrt{x^2+x} - x^2 \sqrt{x^2+x} \quad | : (1)^2$$

$$x^6 - 4x^5 + 4x^4 < 4x^4 + 4x^3 - 4x^3(x^2+x) + 4x^5$$

$$-4x^5 + 4x^4 - 4x^3 < 0 \quad | : (-1)$$

$$x^5 - 4x^4 + 4x^3 > 0$$

$$x^3(x^2 - 4x + 4) > 0$$

$$x^3(x-2)^2 > 0$$

x	-	+	+
x-2	+	-	+
	+	-	+

$x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, +\infty)$

РЕД УСЛОВНО
КОНВЕРСИРА

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n(\sqrt{n^2+n}-n)}$$

$$21. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2+n} \frac{\sqrt{3n} + \sqrt{3n+2}}{\sqrt{3n} - \sqrt{3n+2}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n^2+n)(\sqrt{3n} + \sqrt{3n+2})}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum \frac{1}{n^{5/2}}$ $5/2 > 1$ РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРСИРА

$$22. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \frac{\sqrt{2n+1} - \sqrt{2n}}{n}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ $3/2 > 1$ РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРСИРА

$$23. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2^{n+1}} \frac{n^2+3}{2^{n+1}}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД $\sum \frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$ $1 > 0$ РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРСИРА

$$2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} > \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$2n^2 - n^2 - 2n - 1 > 0 \quad | : 2$$

$$2n - 2n - 1 > 0$$

$$n^2 - 2n - 1 > 0$$

$$2n > 0$$

$$(n-1)^2 > 0 \quad 2^n > 0$$

$$2^n > 0$$

$(m_1)^2 > 0$ \textcircled{T}

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{2^n n^2}{3^n (1 - \frac{1}{3})^n}$
 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{2^n n^2}{3^{n+1}}$
 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{2^n n^2}{3^{n+1}}$
 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{2^n n^2}{3^{n+1}}$

-2 < 0
 ЛАВНИЧОС ТЕ СТ

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{n+1} (n+1)^2}{3^{n+2}} = 0$

$\frac{(n+1)^2 \cdot 2}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{3^n}{(n+1)^2 \cdot 2} = \frac{3^n}{3^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{3} < 1$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{3^n}{4^{n+1} n^2}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕР

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^n}{4^{n+1} n^2} = 0$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n^2 + 2008n}{2^n}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕР

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 2008n}{2^{n+1}} = 0$

$\frac{n^2 + 2008n}{2^n} > \frac{(n+1)^2 + 2008(n+1)}{2^{n+1}}$

$n^2 + 2005n - 2005 > 0$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n!}{105 \cdot 10^n}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕР

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{2^{n+1} \cdot 105} = 0$

$\frac{n!}{2^{n+1} \cdot 105} > \frac{(n+1)!}{2^{n+2} \cdot 105}$

$\frac{n!}{2^{n+1} \cdot 105} > \frac{(n+1)!}{2^{n+2} \cdot 105}$

$\frac{(n+1) \cdot n!}{2^{n+2} \cdot 105} > \frac{n!}{2^{n+1} \cdot 105}$

$\frac{2^n (n-1) + 105n}{2^n} > 0$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n!}{2^n + 3^n + 4^n}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕР

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{4^n} = +\infty$

ДИВЕРСИРА

29. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{3^{n+1}}{n!}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{n+1}}{n!}$

См $\frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} = \frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} \cdot \frac{2008}{2008} = \frac{3^{n+1} \cdot 2008}{n! \cdot 2008} = \frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} \cdot \frac{2008}{2008} = \frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} = 0$

$\frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} > \frac{3^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}$

$\frac{3^{n+1}}{n!} > \frac{3^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} \cdot 2008$

$\frac{(n+1)!}{n!} > 2008$

30. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n! + 2^n}{(2n)!!}$

МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n! + 2^n}{(2n)!!}$

См $\frac{n! + 2^n}{(2n)!!} = 0$

$\frac{1}{2^n} > \frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$

$\frac{1}{2^n} > \frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$

рег условно конвертира

$2^n < 2^{n+1}$

$2^n < 2^n \cdot 2 = 2^{n+1}$

$1 < 2$

V) ЗА КОЈУ ВРЕДНОСТ ПАРАМЕТАРА П ДАТИ ПЕД

И) АПСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРГИРА

Е) КОНВЕРТИСА?

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{(n^p - 1)^2}$ МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$

АБСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРСИРА $2p > 1/2$ $p \in (\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

КОНВЕРСИРА $p \in (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}]$ $2p \leq 1/2$ $p \leq 1/2$

2. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{(n^{3p-4})^4}$ МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{12p}}$

АПСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРСИРА $12p > 1/2$ $p > 1/12$

УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРСИРА $p \in (-\infty, 1/12]$

3. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3^{n^p}}$ МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p/3}}$

АПСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРСИРА $p/3 > 1/3$ $p > 3$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРСИРА $p \in (-\infty, 3]$

4. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3 \sqrt{n^{3p}}}$ МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3p/3}}$

АПСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРСИРА $3p/3 > 1/3/2$ $p > 3/2$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРСИРА $p \in (-\infty, 3/2]$

5. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n^{4/2})^p}$ МОДУЛЯРИ ПЕД $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3n^4}$

АПСОЛУТНО КОНВЕРСИРА $3n^4 > 1/4/3$ $p > 4/3$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРСИРА $p \in (-\infty, 4/3]$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^{p-1}}{(n+1)^p} \quad \text{РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-2p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $3p/3 > 1 \cdot 3/5$
 $p \in (3/5, +\infty)$ $p > 3/5$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in (-\infty, 3/5]$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^p}{n^3 + n} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $3-p > 1$ $-p > -2$
 $p \in (-\infty, 2)$ $-p > -3$ $p < 2$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in [2, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (2n^3 + n)^p}{n^2 \cdot n} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2-3p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $2-3p > 1$ $-3p > -1 \cdot (-3)$
 $p \in (-\infty, 1/3)$ $-3p > -2$ $p < 1/3$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in [1/3, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (n^2 + 3n)^p}{n^{3-1}} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-2p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $3-2p > 1$ $+2p > -2 \cdot (-2)$
 $p \in (-\infty, 1)$ $-2p > 1-3$ $p < 1$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in [1, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (n+1)^p}{\sqrt{n^3}} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $3-p > 1$ $p > 2$
 $p \in (-\infty, 1/2)$ $-p > 1 - \frac{3}{2}$ $p < 1/2$

РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in [1/2, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^p}{\sqrt{n^{2p+1}}} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1-p}}$$

АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА $p \in (-\infty, 0)$
 РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА $p \in [0, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^p}{(n+1)^p} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-3/2}}$$

$p - \frac{3}{2} > 1$ (AC) $p \in (2.5, +\infty)$
 $p > 1 + \frac{3}{2}$

$p > \frac{5}{2}$ (CC) $p \in (-\infty, 2.5]$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (n+1)^p}{n^3 \cdot 3n^2} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-p/2}}$$

$3-p/2 > 1$ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $-p/2 > 1-3$ $p \in (-\infty, 4]$

$-p/2 > -2 \cdot (-2)$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p < 4$ $p \in [4, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (n+1)^2}{(\sqrt{n+1}-1)^p} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-2}}$$

$p-2 > 1$ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1+2$ $p \in (3, +\infty)$

$p > 3$ КОНВЕРГИРА $p \in (-\infty, 3]$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n (n+2)^p}{n^3 \cdot n^2} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-p/2}}$$

$3-p/2 > 1$ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $-p/2 > 1-3$ $p \in (-\infty, 4]$

$-p/2 > -2 \cdot (-2)$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p < 4$ $p \in [4, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^3}{(\sqrt{n^2-1})^p} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-2/3}}$$

$p-2/3 > 1$ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1+2/3$ $p \in (-\infty, 5/3]$

$p > 5/3$ $p \in (5/3, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} n^3}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3+1}} \quad \text{МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕД} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3-3/p}}$$

$p = 3$ $2p > 6+9$ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $3/2 > 1$ $2p > 15/2$ $p \in (15/2, +\infty)$
 $2p-9 > 6$ $p > 15/2$ РЕЛАТИВНО КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p \in (-\infty, 15/2]$

$$18. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \sqrt{n} \quad \sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n-1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^{p+1} \cdot 2$$

ΜΟΔΥΛΑΡΩΣΗ 2
 $p < -2$
 $p > 1$
 $p > 2$ (ε(1))

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, -2)$
 ΡΕΛΑΤΙΒΩΣ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in [-2, +\infty)$

$$19. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \quad \sqrt{n^2+n} - \sqrt{n^2-n}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^{p+1} \cdot 2$$

ΜΟΔΥΛΑΡΩΣΗ 2
 $p > 1$
 $p < -1$
 ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, -1)$
 ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in [-1, +\infty)$

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \quad (\sqrt{n^2+1} - n)^3$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^{p+3} \cdot 8$$

ΜΟΔΥΛΑΡΩΣΗ 8
 $p > 3$
 $p > 1/3$
 $p < -1$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, 1)$
 ΡΕΛΑΤΙΒΩΣ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in [-1, +\infty)$

$$21. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sqrt{n-2} \quad (\sqrt{n^2+1})^p$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sqrt{n-2} \cdot n^{p/2}$$

ΜΟΔΥΛΑΡΩΣΗ 2
 $p > 1/2$
 $p > 1/3$
 $p > 3/4$
 $p < -3/4$
 ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, 3/4)$
 ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in [3/4, +\infty)$

$$22. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \sqrt{n^2+3n-n} \quad \sqrt{n^2+3n-n}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^{p+1} \cdot 2$$

3Α $p > 1$ $p \in (1, +\infty)$ ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ
 3Α $p \leq 1$ $p \in (-\infty, 1]$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ

$$23. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n (\sqrt{n+3} - \sqrt{n})^p \quad (\sqrt{n+3} + \sqrt{n})^p$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n (n+3-n)^{p/2} \cdot (\sqrt{n+3} + \sqrt{n})^p$$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p/2 > 1/2$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ
 $p > 2$ $p \in (-\infty, 2]$

$$24. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{(\sqrt{n^2-3} - n)^p}{\sqrt[3]{n^2-1}}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{(n^2-3-n)^p}{\sqrt[3]{n^2-1} (\sqrt{n^2-3} + n)^p}$$

ΜΟΔΥΛΑΡΩΣΗ $\frac{p}{3} > 1$
 $p > 3$
 $p > 1/3$
 $p > 1/5$
 ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (\frac{1}{3}, +\infty)$
 ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, \frac{1}{3}]$

$$25. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \quad \sqrt[3]{n^2+1} - \sqrt[3]{n^2-1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p (n^{2/3} + 1/n^2 - n^{2/3} + 1/n^2)$$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p < -1/3$
 $p > 1/3$
 $p > 1/3$
 $p < -1/3$
 ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΟ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in (-\infty, 1/3)$
 ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΑ $p \in [1/3, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \frac{(\sqrt{N-1} - \sqrt{N})^p}{(\sqrt{N+1} - \sqrt{N})^p} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{N^2+2N}}{\sqrt{N^2-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{N-1} + \sqrt{N}}^p$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (n^2 - 2n)^p \cdot n^{p/2} \cdot 2$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (n+1 - n)^p \cdot n \cdot 1$

$N > 4$ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1-p/2}}$ $1-p/2 > 1$ ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ
 $-p/2 > 1+1$ $p \in (-\infty, -4)$
 $-p/2 > 2 \cdot (-2)$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ
 $p < -4$ $p \in (-4, +\infty)$

$$27. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \frac{n \sqrt{n-2} - \sqrt{n+1}}{(\sqrt{n^2+1} - n)^p} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n-2} + \sqrt{n+1}}{(\sqrt{n+1} - n)^p} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+1} - n}{\sqrt{n+1} + n} \right)^p$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (n^2 - n - 1)^p \cdot n^{p-2}$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (n^2 - 1 - n)^p \cdot n^{1/2} \cdot 2$

$N > 2^{p-1}$ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2+p}}$ $1/2+p > 1$ $p < -1/2$
 $-p > 1 - 1/2$
 $-p > 1/2 \cdot (-1)$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (-\infty, 1/2)$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in [-1/2, +\infty)$

$$28. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \left(1 - \cos \frac{1}{n} \right)^p$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2 \cdot n^2} \right)^p \sim \frac{1}{2^p} \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$

$2p > 1/2$ ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (1/2, +\infty)$
 $p > 1/2$

ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in (-\infty, 1/2]$

$$29. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} n^p \cdot \sin \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} n^p \cdot \frac{1}{n^{1/2}}$ $\sim \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2+p}}$ $1/2+p > 1$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} n^p \cdot \frac{1}{n^{1/2}}$ $\sim \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2+p}}$ $-p > 1+1/2$
 $-p > 1+1/2$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (-\infty, -1/2)$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in [-1/2, +\infty)$

$$30. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \cdot \left(\operatorname{tg} \frac{2}{\sqrt{n^2}} \right)^p$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^p}{n^{2p/3}} \sim 2^p \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3}}$ $2p/3 > 1$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p/3}}$ $p > 3/2$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (3/2, +\infty)$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in (-\infty, 3/2]$

$$31. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \cdot n^p \cdot \operatorname{tg} \frac{1}{(n+2)^2}$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} n^p \cdot \frac{1}{(n+2)^2} \sim \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2-p}}$ $2-p > 1$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2-p}}$ $-p > 1 \cdot (-1)$ $p < 1$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (-\infty, 1)$ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in [1, +\infty)$

$$32. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} e^{n^p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^p$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$ $2p > 1/2$ ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p}}$ $p > 1/2$ $p \in (1/2, +\infty)$
 ΣΩΦΕΡΟΥΣ $p \in (-\infty, 1/2]$

$$33. \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{N-1} \cdot n^p \cdot (e^{1/\sqrt{n}} - 1)$$

ΜΟΝΩΝΑΡΜΗ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} n^p \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sim \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2+p}}$ $1/2+p > 1$
 ΡΕΩ $\sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2+p}}$ $-p > 1+1/2$ $-p > 1/2 \cdot (-1)$ $p < -1/2$

ΑΠΟΣΟΛΥΤΩ ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in (-\infty, -1/2)$

ΚΟΝΒΕΡΓΕΙΡΑ $p \in [-1/2, +\infty)$

30

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)^p}{n^{p+2}} \cdot \left(\frac{2n+2}{2n-1} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n^{p/2}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{2n+1} \right)^N \cdot \frac{2n-1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{2n-1} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n^{p/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2n-1} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n^{p/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p/2+1}}$$

$2n+1 > 1$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p < 1$ $PE(0, +\infty)$
 $p > 1$ ДИВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1$ $PE(-\infty, 0]$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)^N$$

$2 > 1/2$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $p+1 > 2$ $PE(1, +\infty)$
 $p > 2-1$ ДИВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1$ $PE(0, 0]$

$$9. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \cos \frac{1}{n} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot N \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2 \cdot n^2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{p/2}} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{2+p/2}} \cdot \frac{p}{2} > 1$$

$p > 2$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $PE(-2, +\infty)$
 $p > 1+2$ ДИВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1/2$ $PE(+\infty, -2]$

$$10. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \cos \frac{1}{n} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{n^p} \cdot N \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2(\sqrt{n})^2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^p} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{p+1}} \cdot \frac{p+1 > 1}{p > 1+1}$$

$p > 0$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $PE(0, +\infty)$
 $p > 0$ ДИВЕРГИРА
 $PE(-\infty, 0]$

$$11. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{n} \right)^p \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n}} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{n} \right)^p \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n}} \cdot N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{p/2+p}} \cdot \frac{p}{2} > 1$$

$p > 1/3$ КОНВЕРГИРА
 $PE(1/3, +\infty)$
 $p > 1/2$ ДИВЕРГИРА
 $p > 1/3$ $PE(-\infty, 1/3]$

ЕДИНОИ исцрпувајући конвекцијски регау забриво-
 слив оу израчунава $p \in \mathbb{R}$:

$$1. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n^2 + 1)^p}{(n+2)^{2p}} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p-2}}$$

$2p-2 > 1$
 $-2p > -1$
 $p \in (-\infty, -2/3)$
 ДИВЕРГИРА 3A
 $p < -2/3$
 $p \in (-2/3, +\infty)$

$$2. \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p+1/3}}$$

$2p+1/3 > 1$
 $2p > 2/3$
 $p > 1/3$

конвекцијски регау $p \in (1/3, +\infty)$ ДИВЕРГИРА 3A
 конвекцијски регау $p \in (-\infty, -1/3]$

$$3. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p+2/3}}$$

$2p+2/3 > 1$
 $2p > 1/3$
 $p > 1/6$

$3p+4p > 6$ конвекцијски регау 3A
 $7p > 6$
 $p > 6/7$
 $p \in (6/7, +\infty)$

$$4. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p+1}}$$

$2p+1 > 1$
 $2p > 0$
 $p > 0$

конвекцијски регау 3A
 ДИВЕРГИРА 3A
 $p \in (0, +\infty)$
 ДИВЕРГИРА
 $p \in (-\infty, 0]$

$$5. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(4n-2)^{p+1}}{2^n \cdot (2n+1)!}$$

3A $2^{p+1} > 1$ конвекцијски регау
 $4 < 2^{p+2}$
 $2^2 < 2^{p+2}$
 $2 < p+2$
 $2-2 < p$
 $0 < p$
 $p > 0$
 $p \in (0, +\infty)$

$$6. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(6n-4) \cdot (6n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot 8 \cdot 5 \cdot 2}{3^n \cdot (2n)!}$$

$$\frac{(6n+2) \cdot (6n-1) \cdot (6n-4) \cdot (6n-7) \cdot \dots \cdot 8 \cdot 5 \cdot 2}{3^n \cdot (2n+1)!} \cdot \frac{3^n \cdot (2n)!}{(6n-1) \cdot (6n-4) \cdot \dots \cdot 8 \cdot 5 \cdot 2}$$

$$\frac{(6n+2) \cdot (6n-1)}{3^{p+1} \cdot (2n+1)}$$

3B

$$12. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-1/n} - 1}{(\sqrt{n+2} - \sqrt{n})^p} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1/\sqrt{n} - 1/n^{3/2} + 2}{(n+2 - n)^p}$$

$$\sim \frac{1}{2^{p-1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{1/2 - p/2}} \quad \frac{1}{2} - \frac{p}{2} > 1$$

$\frac{-p}{2} > 1 - \frac{1}{2}$ **КОНВЕРГИРА**
 $p \in (-\infty, -1)$
 $\frac{-p}{2} > \frac{1}{2} / (-2)$ **ДИВЕРГИРА**
 $p \in (-1, +\infty)$

$p \neq -1$

$$13. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + pn - 5}{n^2 + 2n + 5} \right)^n \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + 2n + 5 + (p-2)n - 8}{n^2 + 2n + 5} \right)^n$$

$$\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{(p-2)n - 8}{n^2 + 2n + 5} \right)^n \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{(p-2)n^3 - 8n^2}{n^2 + 2n + 5} \right)^n$$

$$\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{\frac{(p-2)n^3 - 8n^2}{n^2 + 2n + 5}}$$

$$e^{(p-2)(n+1)^3 - 8(n+1)^2}$$

$$e^{(p-2)(n^3 - 8n^2)}$$

$$e^{\frac{(p-2)(n^3 - 8n^2)}{n^2 + 2n + 5}}$$

$$e^{\frac{(p-2)n^3 - 8n^2}{n^2 + 2n + 5}}$$

$$e^{\frac{(3+8p-8)n^2 + n}{4n+1}} = e^{\frac{3n^2 + n}{4n+1}}$$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2 + n}{4n+1} = \infty$ **ДИВЕРГИРА**

$$14. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n^2 - pn}{3n^2 + 2n + 1} \right)^{n(n+1)} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n^2 + 2n + 1 + (-p-2)n - 1}{3n^2 + 2n + 1} \right)^{n(n+1)}$$

$$\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{(-p-2)n - 1}{3n^2 + 2n + 1} \right)^{n(n+1)} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{\frac{(-p-2)n^3 + (-p-2)n^2 - n^2 - n}{3n^2 + 2n + 1}}$$

$$e^{\frac{(-p-2)(n+1)^3 + (-p-3)(n+1)^2 - (n+1)}{3(n+1)^2 + 2(n+1)}}$$

$$= \frac{(-p-2)(n+1)^3 - (-p-3)(n+1)^2 - (n+1)}{(3n^2 + 2n + 1) - 3(n+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(3(n^2 + 2n + 1) + 2n + 2) \cdot (-p-2)(n+1)^3 - (-p-3)(n+1)^2 - (n+1)}{3n^2 + 8n + 5}$$

$$= \frac{(-p-2)n^3 + (-p-3)n^2 - n}{3(n^2 + 2n + 1) + 2n + 2}$$

$$= \frac{3(-p-2)n^3 - 3(-p-3)n^2}{9n^4 + \dots}$$

$$= \frac{3(-p-2)n^3 + 3(-p-3)n^2 + 2(p-2)n^4}{9n^4 + \dots}$$

$$= \frac{(8(-p-2)n^4 + 3(-p-3)n^4) + \dots}{9n^4 + \dots}$$

$$= \frac{(3p-6) + 3p-3-2p-4 + 8p+16 + 3p+9+1 + \dots}{9n^4 + \dots}$$

$$= \frac{3p+8}{9} \quad \begin{matrix} 3p+6 & 3p+6 & 3p-6=9 \\ 9 & 9 & 3p=9 \end{matrix}$$

конвергира $3a$ $p < 1$
 дивергира $3a$ $p > 1$
 $3p=3/3$
 $p=1$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot 3^n \quad (n+1)3^{n+1} \quad p < 3$$

$$p = 3$$

$$3n+3 = \frac{p}{3} = 1/3 \quad p = 3$$

30. $p < 3$ конвертира за $p \in (-\infty, 3)$

31. $p > 3$ дивертира за $p \in (3, +\infty)$

$$16. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n p^n}{n^2+1} \quad \frac{2^{n+1} p^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2+1} \quad \frac{n^2+1}{2^n p^n}$$

$$= \frac{2p(n^2+1)}{n^2-2n+2} = \frac{2pn^2+2p}{n^2+2n-2}$$

$2p < 1/2$ конвертира за $p \in (-\infty, 1/2)$

$p < 1/2$ дивертира за $p \in (1/2, +\infty)$

$$17. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+2)(p+2)^n}{n!}$$

$$\frac{(n+3) \cdot (p+2)^{n+1} - (p+2)^n}{(n+1)!} = \frac{(n+2)(p+2)^n}{(n+1)!} = \frac{(n+2)(p+2)^n}{(n+1)!}$$

$$= \frac{(n+2)(p+2)^n}{(n+1)!} = \frac{(n+2)(p+2)^n}{(n+1)!}$$

конвертира за $p \in (-\infty, -1)$
 дивертира за $p \in (-1, +\infty)$

$$18. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5^n + 3^n}{n} \cdot p^n$$

$$\frac{5^{n+1} + 3^{n+1}}{n+1} \cdot p^{n+1} - \frac{5^n + 3^n}{n} \cdot p^n = \frac{5^{n+1} + 3^{n+1}}{n+1} \cdot p^{n+1} - \frac{5^n + 3^n}{n} \cdot p^n$$

$$= \frac{(n+1) \cdot 5^{n+1} + (n+1) \cdot 3^{n+1} - (n+1) \cdot 5^n - (n+1) \cdot 3^n}{(n+1)^2} \cdot p^{n+1}$$

$5p < 1/5$ конвертира за $p \in (-\infty, 1/5)$
 $p < 1/5$ дивертира за $p \in (1/5, +\infty)$

$$19. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + n^3}{n^2} \cdot p^n$$

$$\frac{2^{n+1} + (n+1)^3}{(n+1)^2} \cdot p^{n+1} - \frac{2^n + n^3}{n^2} \cdot p^n$$

$$= \frac{(2^{n+1} + n^3 + 3n^2 + 3n + 1) p^{n+1} - (2^n + n^3) p^n}{n^2(n+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2^n(2+0) p^n}{n^2(n+1)^2} = \frac{2^n p^n}{n^2(n+1)^2}$$

$2p < 1/2$ конвертира за $p \in (-\infty, 1/2)$

$p < 1/2$ дивертира за $p \in (1/2, +\infty)$

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(p^2-9)^n}{2n+3}$$

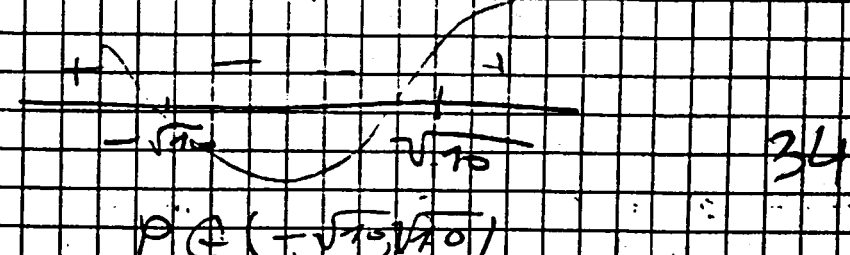
$$\frac{(p^2-9)^{n+1}}{2n+5} - \frac{(p^2-9)^n}{2n+3} = \frac{(p^2-9)^n (p^2-9 - 2n-3)}{(2n+5)(2n+3)}$$

$$= \frac{(p^2-9)^n (p^2-9-2n-3)}{(2n+5)(2n+3)}$$

$$p^2 - 9 - 1 < 0$$

$$p^2 - 10 < 0$$

$$(p + \sqrt{10})(p - \sqrt{10}) < 0$$



конвертира $p \in (-\sqrt{10}, \sqrt{10})$
 дивертира $p \in (-\infty, -\sqrt{10}) \cup (\sqrt{10}, +\infty)$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (3n^2 - 2)^n (p^2 - 1)^n$$

$$\frac{(3n^2 + 6n + 3 - 2)^{n+1} (p^2 - 1)^{n+1}}{(3n^2 - 2)^n (p^2 - 1)^n} = \frac{(n+1)^2 3^{n+1} (p^2 - 1)^{n+1}}{3^{n^2} (p^2 - 1)^n}$$

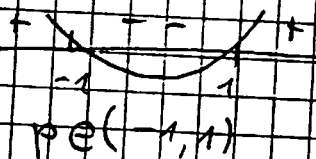
$$= \frac{3^{n+1} \cdot 3 \cdot n^2 \cdot (p^2 - 1)^{n+1}}{3^{n^2} (p^2 - 1)^n} = \frac{3p^2 n^3 - 3p^2}{3^{n^2} (p^2 - 1)^n}$$

$$3p^2 - 3 = 0$$

$$3p^2 = 3 \cdot 1 = 3$$

$$p^2 = 1$$

$$p = \pm 1$$



3A $p = 1 \vee p = -1$
 дивергентна

3A $p \neq 1 \vee p \neq -1$ конвергентна

$$22. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sqrt[n]{n^3 + 1}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-1}}$

3A $p \in (-\infty, 2]$ дивергентна \rightarrow РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА
 3A $p \in (2, +\infty)$ конвергентна \rightarrow РЕД АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

$$23. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n n^p \sqrt{n^2 + 2n}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{p-1}}$

3A $p \in (-\infty, -2)$ конвергентна \Rightarrow РЕД АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА
 \rightarrow 3A $p \in [-2, +\infty)$ дивергентна \Rightarrow РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

$$24. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \sqrt[n]{n+1}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{10-2p}}$

$$\frac{1}{3} - 2p > 1$$

$$-2p > 1 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-2p > \frac{2}{3} \quad | : (-2)$$

$$p < -\frac{1}{3}$$

1) 3A $p \in (-\infty, -\frac{1}{3})$ конвергентна

РЕД АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

2) 3A $p \in (-\frac{1}{3}, +\infty)$ дивергентна

РЕД УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

$$25. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sqrt[n]{n^3 - 2}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2p-1}}$

3A $p - 1 \leq 1$ 1) 3A $p \in (-\infty, 1)$ дивергентна

2A $p \leq 1$ \Rightarrow УСЛОВНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

2A $p \in (2; 2)$ 2) 3A $p \in (1, +\infty)$ конвергентна

3A $p \geq 1$ \Rightarrow РЕГ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

$$26. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} n^p \sin \frac{\pi}{2n}$$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \sin \frac{\pi}{2n} \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \frac{\pi}{2n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n \pi}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

МОДУЛЯРИИ РЕГ КОНВЕРГЕНТНА

РЕГ АБСОЛЮТНО КОНВЕРГЕНТНА