

NAVIER

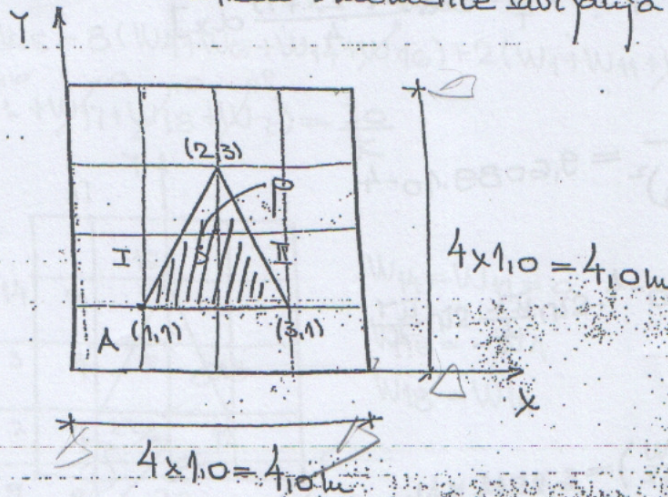
DIFERENCNI

12

18.03.2000.

1. a) Rešiti problem: savijanja koristeći prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja.

b) Koristeći diferencni postupak odrediti ugaibe u označenim tačkama, kao i momente savijanja u sredini ploče.



$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$

$$h = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\nu = 0,20$$

$$p = 30 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 8789,0625$$

$$\text{I: } x=1 \quad y=1 \Rightarrow 1 = a + b$$

$$x=2 \quad y=3 \Rightarrow 3 = 2a + b \Rightarrow 3 = 2a + 1 - a \Rightarrow a = 2$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

$$\text{II: } x=2 \quad y=3 \Rightarrow 3 = 2a + b$$

$$x=3 \quad y=1 \Rightarrow 1 = 3a + b \Rightarrow 1 = 3a + 3 - 2a \Rightarrow a = -2$$

$$y = -2x + 7$$

$$W(x, y) = A_{11} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{2\pi}{k \cdot \bar{u}^4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a^2}\right)^2}$$

$$2\pi = \frac{4\pi}{16} \left[ \int_1^2 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} dx \int_1^{2x-1} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4} dy + \int_2^3 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} dx \int_1^{-2x+7} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4} dy \right]$$

$$2\pi = \frac{4}{16} \cdot \frac{4}{\bar{u}} \left[ \int_1^2 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}}{4} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(2x-1)}{4}) dx + \int_2^3 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}}{4} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(-2x+7)}{4}) dx \right]$$

$$2\pi = 12.8539$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{12.8539}{8789.0625 \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left(\frac{2}{4}\right)^2} = 9.6089 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$W(x, y) = 9.6089 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4}$$

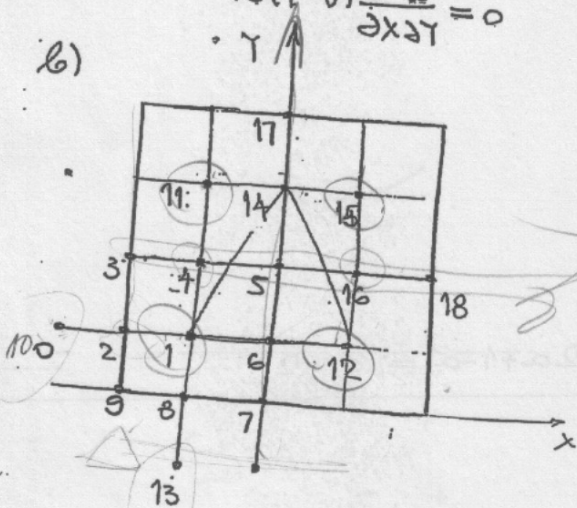
$$W_A = 4.8044 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$M_{x,s} = -k \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = 6.2514 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{y,s} = -k \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 6.2514 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{xy,s} = -k(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = 0$$

b)



$$W_2 = W_3 = W_7 = W_8 = W_9 = 0$$

$$W_{10} = -W_1$$

$$W_{12} = W_1$$

$$W_{13} = -W_1$$

$$\frac{F_{10} - F_1}{2S} = 0$$

$$F_{10} = F_1$$

$$W_{10} - 2W_2 + W_1 = 0$$

$$W_{10} = -W_1$$

~~Handwritten scribbles and notes, including '0 = 1/2 \* ...' and '0 = 1/2 \* ...'.~~

НАПРАВ

KONTR

DIFERENSI

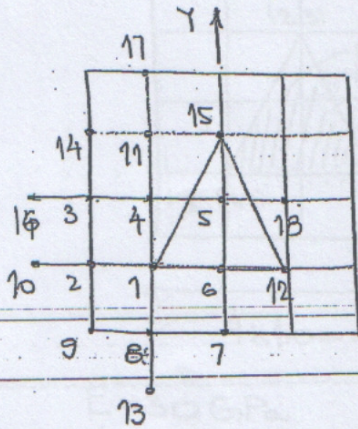
$k=1$

$$20 \cdot W_1 - 8(W_2 + W_4 + W_6 + W_8) + 2(W_3 + W_5 + W_7 + W_9) + W_{10} + W_{11} + W_{12} + W_{13} = \frac{2k \cdot S^4}{K} = \frac{30 \cdot 14}{K}$$

$$19W_1 - 8(W_4 + W_6) + 2W_5 + W_{11} = \frac{30}{K}$$

$k=5$

$$20W_5 - 8(W_4 + W_6 + W_{14} + W_{16}) + 2(W_1 + W_{11} + W_{12} + W_{15}) + (W_3 + W_7 + W_{13} + W_7) = \frac{30}{K}$$



$W_{14} = W_{17} = 0$

$W_{16} = -W_4$

$W_{18} = W_{14}$

$$k = \frac{E \cdot L^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 8769,0825$$

$$2 \cdot 2 = 4 \quad 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$2 \cdot 2 = 4 \quad 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$2 \cdot 2 = 4 \quad 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

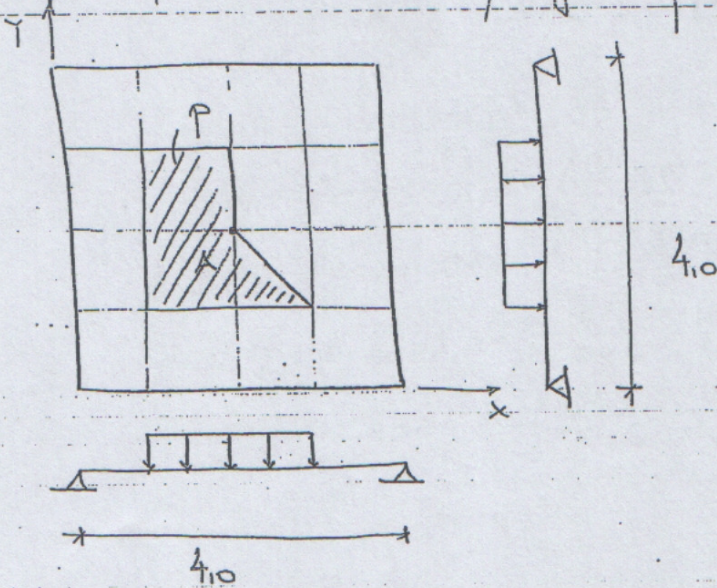
$$2 \cdot 2 = 4 \quad 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$2 \cdot 2 = 4 \quad 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$W(x, y) = 2y \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} \sin \frac{\pi y}{L}$$

(11)

1. Napisati izraz za ugibe i izračunati momente u sredini ploče koristeći prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja.



$$p = 20 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\nu = 0,15$$

$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$

$$h = 0,15 \text{ m}$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 8631,7136$$

$$W(x,y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \cdot \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$m=1, n=1$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{2\pi}{K \cdot \pi^2 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)}$$

$$2\pi = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x,y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$2\pi = \frac{4p}{16} \left[ \int_1^2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} dx \int_1^3 \sin \frac{\pi y}{4} dy + \int_2^3 \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} dx \int_1^{3-x+4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4} dy \right]$$

$$2\pi = \frac{4p}{16} \cdot \frac{4}{\pi} \left[ \int_1^2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) dx + \int_2^3 \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi(-x+4)}{4} \right) dx \right]$$

$$z_{11} = 10,1321$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{k \cdot \pi^4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} = 7,7123 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$W(x, y) = 7,7123 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$M_x = -k \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = 4,7223 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$M_y = -k \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 4,7223 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$M_{xy} = -k(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = -3,4904 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi x}{4} \cos \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$T_x = -k \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x \partial y^2} \right) = 6,4503 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi x}{4} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$T_y = -k \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial y^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^2 \partial y} \right) = 6,4503 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} \cos \frac{\pi y}{4}$$

$$A(2,0; 2,0)$$

$$M_{x,A} = 4,7223 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{y,A} = 4,7223 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{xy,A} = 0$$

$$T_{x,A} = 0$$

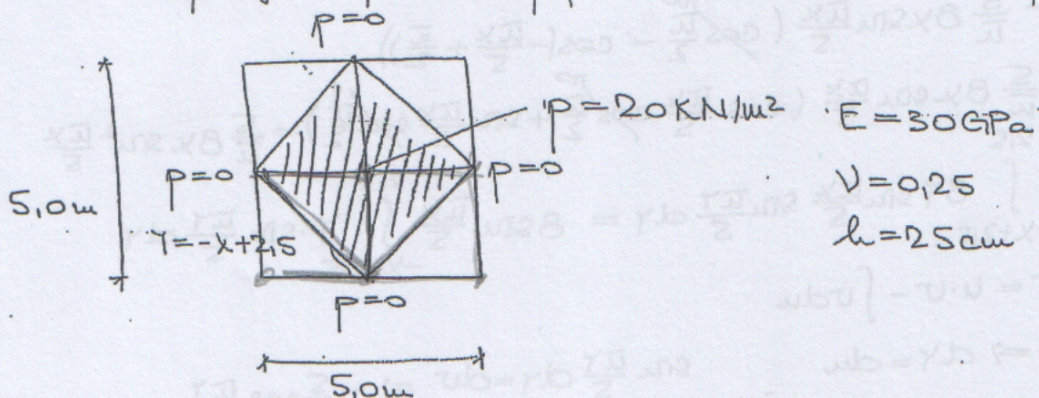
$$T_{y,A} = 0$$

# NAVIER

(20)

31.05.2008.

1. Za kvadratnu ploču opterećenu opterećenjem prema slici odrediti momente savijanja i uglo u sredini ploče. Koristiti prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslonjena.



$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

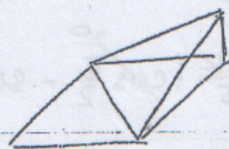
$$A_{mn} = \frac{z_{mn}}{k\pi^4 \left( \frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$m=1, n=1$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{25} \int_0^{2.5} \int_0^{2.5} z(x, y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dx dy$$

$$z(x, y) = Ax + By + C$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x=2.5 \\ y=0 \\ z=0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow 0 = 2.5A + C \Rightarrow C = -2.5A$$

$$x=0 \quad y=2.5 \quad z=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 2.5B + C \Rightarrow B = A$$

$$x=2.5 \quad y=2.5 \quad z=20 \Rightarrow 20 = 2.5A + 2.5B + C$$

$$20 = 2.5A + 2.5A - 2.5A$$

$$A = 8 \quad B = 8 \quad C = -20$$

$$z(x, y) = 8x + 8y - 20$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4}{25} \cdot 4 \int_0^{2,5} \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} (8x+8\gamma-20) \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} dx d\gamma$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{16}{25} \int_0^{2,5} \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} [8x \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} + 8\gamma \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} - 20 \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5}] dx d\gamma$$

$$J_1 = \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} 8x \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = -\frac{5}{u} 8x \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_{-x+2,5}^{2,5}$$

$$J_1 = -\frac{5}{u} 8x \sin \frac{u x}{5} (\cos \frac{u}{2} - \cos(-\frac{u x}{5} + \frac{u}{2}))$$

$$J_1 = +\frac{5}{u} 8x \sin \frac{u x}{5} (\cos \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u}{2} + \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u}{2}) = \frac{5}{u} 8x \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$J_2 = \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} 8\gamma \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = 8 \sin \frac{u x}{5} \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} \gamma \cdot \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma$$

$$\int u \cdot dv = u \cdot v - \int v du$$

$$\gamma = u \Rightarrow d\gamma = du$$

$$\sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = dv \Rightarrow -\frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} = v$$

$$J_2 = 8 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \left[ -\gamma \cdot \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} + \int_{-x+2,5}^{2,5} \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma \right]$$

$$J_2 = 8 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \left[ +((5x+2,5) \cdot \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u(-x+2,5)}{5} - 2,5 \cdot \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u}{2} + \frac{25}{u^2} (\sin \frac{u}{2} - \sin \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5})) \right]$$

$$\cos \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5} = \cos \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{u x}{5} + \sin \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} = \sin \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$\sin \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5} = \sin \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{u x}{5} - \cos \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} = \cos \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$J_2 = 8 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \left[ (2,5-x) \cdot \frac{5}{u} \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{25}{u^2} (1 - \cos \frac{u x}{5}) \right]$$

$$J_3 = -20 \sin \frac{u x}{5} \int_{2,5-x}^{2,5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = +\frac{100}{u} \sin \frac{u x}{5} (\cos \frac{u}{2} - \sin \frac{u x}{5}) = 20 \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{16}{25} \int_0^{2,5} \left[ \frac{40}{u} x \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{100}{u} \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5} - \frac{40}{u} x \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{200}{u^2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} - \frac{200}{u^2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{100}{u} \sin^2 \frac{u x}{5} \right] dx$$

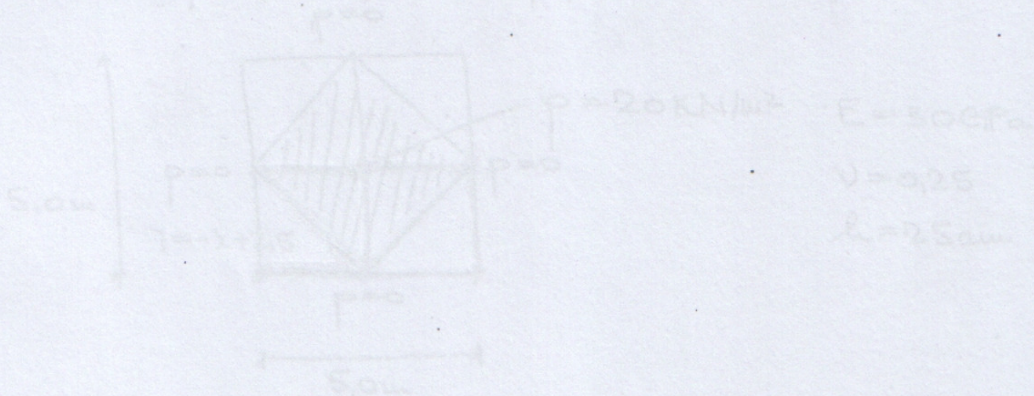
$$Z_{11} = 61,2501$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{61,2501}{k \cdot u^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2} = 2,3580 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

# KAVLER

$$W(x, y) = 2,3580 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$W(2,5; 2,5) = 2,3580 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$



$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{mn} = \frac{2}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b p(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$2_{11} = \frac{1}{25} \int_0^5 \int_0^5 20(x, y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dx dy$$

1.1.1.1

$$2_{11} = \frac{1}{25} \int_0^5 \int_0^5 20(x, y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dx dy$$

$$2(x, y) = Ax + By + C$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x=2,5 \\ y=0 \\ z=0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow 0 = 2,5A + C \Rightarrow C = -2,5A$$

$$x=0, y=2,5, z=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 2,5B + C \Rightarrow B = A$$

$$x=2,5, y=2,5, z=20 \Rightarrow 20 = 2,5A + 2,5B + C$$

$$20 = 2,5A + 2,5A - 2,5A$$

$$A = 8 \quad B = 8 \quad C = -20$$

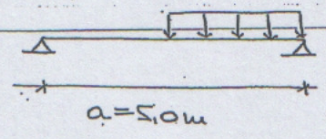
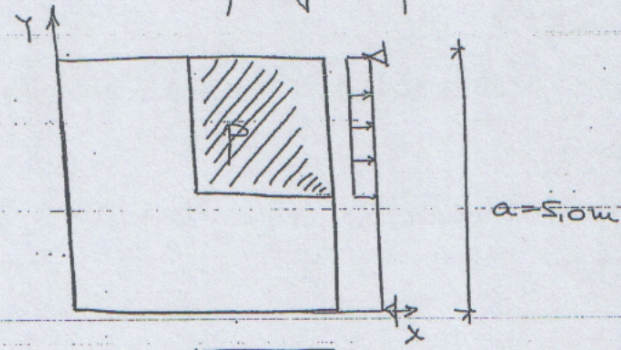
$$20(x, y) = 8x + 8y - 20$$



# NAVIER

(3)  
05.01.2005.

1. Zadana je slobodno oslonjena kvadratna ploča opterećena prema skici. Odrediti ugib i presečne sile uredini ploče koristeći prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja.



$$E = 315 \cdot 10^7 \text{ KN/m}^2 \quad h = 0.12 \text{ m}$$

$$\nu = 0.20 \quad p = 20 \text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 4725$$

$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{mn} = \frac{Z_{mn}}{K \left( \frac{m^2 \pi^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4}{25} \int_{2.5}^5 \int_{2.5}^5 20 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dx dy = 8.1057$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{8.1057}{4725 \left( \frac{\pi^2}{5^2} + \frac{\pi^2}{5^2} \right)^2} = 2.75175 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$W(x, y) = 2.75175 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$W(2.5; 2.5) = 2.75175 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$M_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = -4725 \left[ -1,0863 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} - 0,2 \cdot 1,0863 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} \right]$$

$$M_x = 6,1596 \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$M_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 6,1596 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$M_{xy} = -K(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = -4725(1-0,2) \cdot 1,0863 \cdot 10^{-3} \cos \frac{\pi x}{5} \cos \frac{\pi y}{5} =$$

$$= -4,1064 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi x}{5} \cos \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$T_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x \partial y^2} \right) = -4725 \cdot (-6,8257 \cdot 10^{-4} \cos \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} - 6,8257 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5})$$

$$= 6,4503 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$T_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial y^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial y \partial x^2} \right) = -4725 \cdot (-6,8257 \cdot 10^{-4} \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \cos \frac{\pi y}{5} - 6,8257 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \cos \frac{\pi y}{5}) =$$

$$= 6,4503 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \cos \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$x = 2,5 \quad y = 2,5$$

$$M_x = 6,1596 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_y = 6,1596 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{xy} = 0$$

$$T_x = 0$$

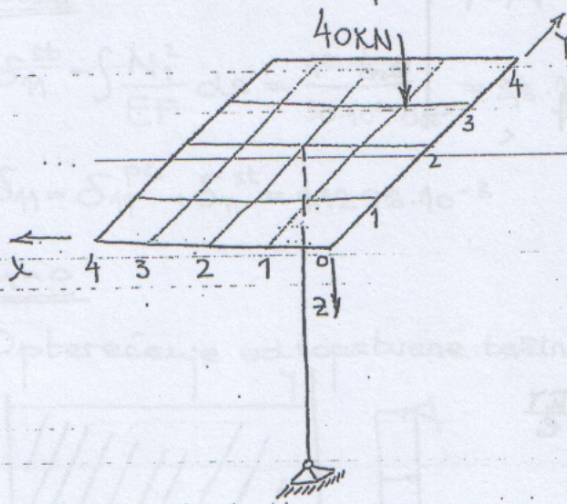
$$T_y = 0$$

Sin a x

9

08.04.1996.

1. Odrediti normalnu silu u stubu i  $j$ -nu ugiba ploče prikazane na slici. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslonjena. Pored koncentrisanog opteređenja na ploču deluje i sopstvena težina ploče. Pri proračunu koristiti prvi član Furijeovog reda



Ploča:

$$\gamma = 70 \text{ kN/m}^3, h = 0,12 \text{ m}$$

$$E_p = 210 \text{ GN/m}^2, \nu = 0,20$$

Stub:

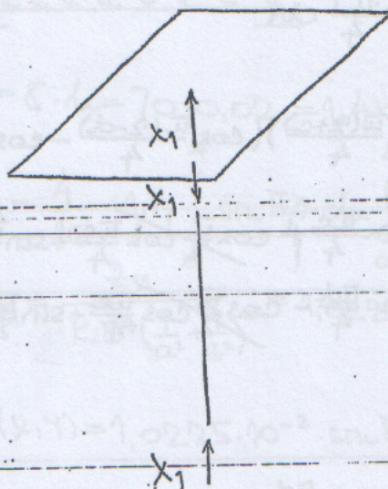
$$b/d = 20/20 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = 4,0 \text{ m}$$

$$E_s = 30 \text{ GN/m}^2$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 145,83$$

\* Dekompozicija:



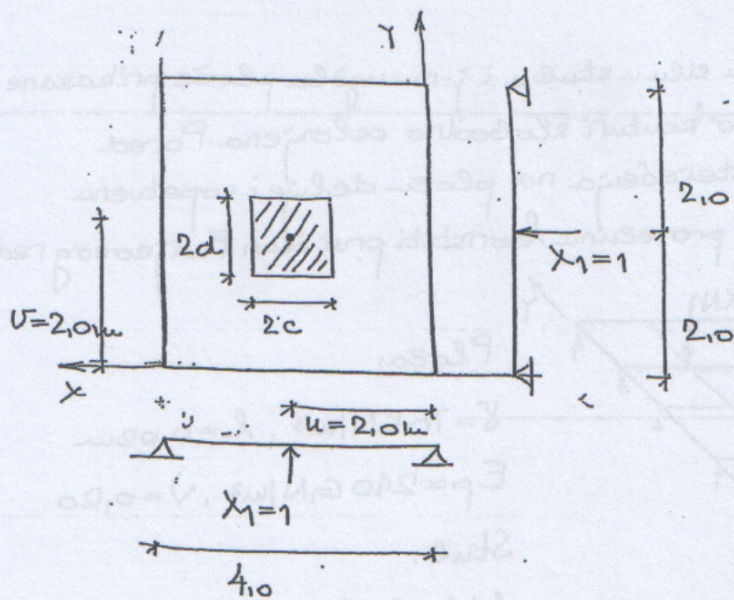
$$\delta_{11} \cdot x_1 + \delta_{10} = 0$$

$$\delta_{11} = \delta_{11}^{pl} + \delta_{11}^{st}$$

$$\delta_{10} = \delta_{10}^{pe}$$

$$x_1 = 1$$

Placa



$$W(x, y) = A_{11} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{k \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$2d \cdot 2d \cdot z_0 = 1 = x_1$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{16} \cdot \int_{2-c}^{2+c} z_0 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} dx \cdot \int_{2-d}^{2+d} \sin \frac{\pi y}{4} dy$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4z_0}{16} \cdot \frac{16}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\pi(2-c)}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi(2+c)}{4} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\pi(2-d)}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi(2+d)}{4} \right)$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4z_0}{\bar{u}^2} \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi c}{4} + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi c}{4} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi d}{4} + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \frac{\pi d}{4} \right)$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4z_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{\pi c}{4} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{\pi d}{4}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} z_{11} = \lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} \frac{4z_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{\pi c}{4}}{\frac{\pi c}{4}} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{\pi d}{4}}{\frac{\pi d}{4}} \cdot \frac{\pi c}{4} \cdot \frac{\pi d}{4} = \frac{4z_0 c d}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

-D-

$$A_{11} = \frac{0,25}{145,833 \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} = 1,1263 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$W(x, y) = 1,1263 \cdot 10^{-3} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4}$$

$$\delta_{11}^{pe} = W(2, 2) = 1,1263 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

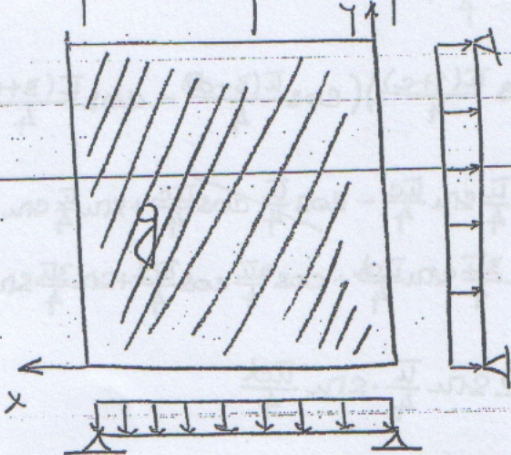
Stue

$$\delta_{11}^{st} = \int \frac{N_1^2}{EF} ds = \frac{12 \cdot 4 \cdot 10}{30 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,2^2} = 3,3 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \delta_{11}^{pe} + \delta_{11}^{st} = 1,1296 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$x_1 = 0$

Opterećenje od sopstvene težine:



$$q = 8 \cdot h = 70 \cdot 0,02 = 1,4 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

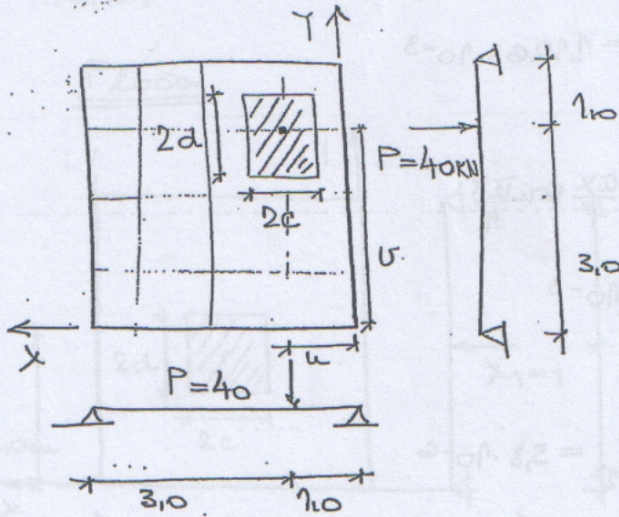
$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{16} \cdot 1,4 \int_0^4 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} dx \int_0^4 \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4} dy = 2,2696$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{k \bar{u}^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}\right)^2} = 1,0225 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$W(x, y) = 1,0225 \cdot 10^{-2} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4}$$

$$\delta_{10}^g = W(2, 2) = 1,0225 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

Koncentrisana sila:



$$2c \cdot 2d \cdot p_0 = 40 = P$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{4}{16} \int_{u-c}^{u+c} p_0 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} dx \int_{v-d}^{v+d} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4} dy$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{4p_0}{16} \cdot \frac{16}{\bar{u}^2} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}(1-c)}{4} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(1+c)}{4}) (\cos \frac{\bar{u}(3-d)}{4} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(3+d)}{4})$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{4p_0}{\bar{u}^2} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \cos \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} + \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \cos \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} + \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4}) \cdot (\cos \frac{3\bar{u}}{4} \cos \frac{\bar{u}d}{4} + \sin \frac{3\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4} - \cos \frac{3\bar{u}}{4} \cos \frac{\bar{u}d}{4} + \sin \frac{3\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4})$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{4 \cdot 40 \cdot p_0}{8 \bar{u}^2} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4}$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{16 \cdot 40 \cdot p_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4} = \frac{18 p_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} z_{II} = \lim_{c \rightarrow 0} \lim_{d \rightarrow 0} \frac{18 p_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{\bar{u}c}{4}}{\frac{\bar{u}c}{4}} \cdot \frac{\bar{u}c}{4} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{4}}{\frac{\bar{u}d}{4}} \cdot \frac{\bar{u}d}{4} = \frac{1}{2} p_0 \cdot c \cdot d$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot 40 = 5,0$$

$$A_{II} = \frac{5,0}{145,83 \cdot \bar{u}^4 (\frac{1}{4^2} + \frac{1}{4^2})^2} = 2,2527 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

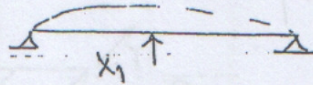
$$W = 2,2527 \cdot 10^{-2} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{4}$$

$$\delta_{10}^F = -W(2,2) = -2,2527 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\delta_{10}^{PE} = \delta_{10}^g + \delta_{10}^F = -3,2752 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\delta_{11} \cdot x_1 + \delta_{10} = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = +28,9926 \text{ KN} \rightarrow \text{Silau etubun}$$

$$z = z_0 + z_1 \cdot x_1$$



$$W = W^g + W^F - W_1 x_1 = (1,0225 \cdot 10^{-2} + 2,2527 \cdot 10^{-2} - 1,1263 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot x_1) \sin \frac{\bar{w}x}{4} \sin \frac{\bar{w}l}{4}$$

$$W = 9,6642 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{w}x}{4} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{w}l}{4}$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot I \cdot \pi^4}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 145,83$$

\*Dobol peralasan



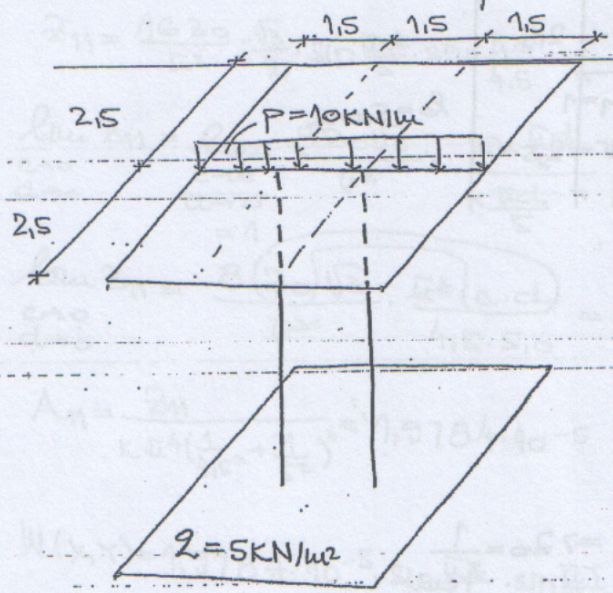
NP

# NAVIER

8

23.01.2006.

1. Za konstrukciju prikazanu na slici odrediti sile u stubovima i ugibe u sredini ploca. Koristiti prvi clan reda usvojenog resenja. Ploce su po konturi slobodno oslonjene.



$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$

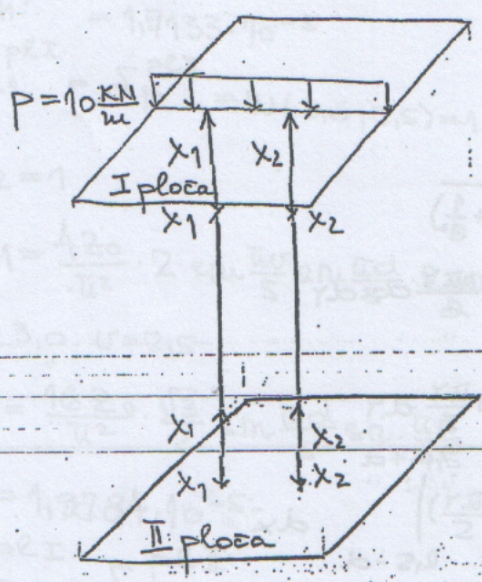
$\nu = 0$

$\lambda_i = 0,20 \text{ m}$

Stubovi:  $b/d = 0,5/0,5$

Visina stubova:  $l = 3,0 \text{ m}$

\* Debu pozicija



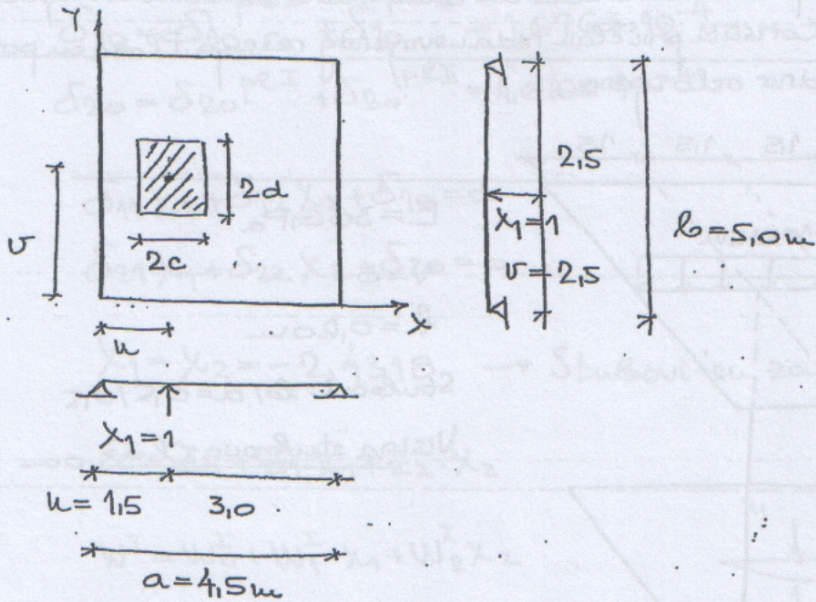
$$\delta_{11} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{12} \cdot X_2 + \delta_{10} = 0$$

$$\delta_{21} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{22} \cdot X_2 + \delta_{20} = 0$$



$$K = \frac{E \cdot b^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 20000$$

I ploca



$$I = 2c \cdot 2d \cdot z_0 = 4cd \cdot z_0 \Rightarrow z_0 = \frac{1}{4cd}$$

$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \cdot \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$m=1 \quad n=1$$

$$W(x, y) = A_{11} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{mn} = \frac{2z_{mn}}{k \cdot \pi^2 \left( \frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2} \right)} \Rightarrow A_{11} = \frac{2z_{11}}{k \cdot \pi^2 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)}$$

$$z_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{4.5 \cdot 5} \cdot z_0 \int_{u-c}^{u+c} \sin \frac{\pi x}{4.5} dx \int_{v-d}^{v+d} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dy$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4z_0}{22.5} \int_{u-c}^{u+c} \sin \frac{\pi x}{4.5} \cdot \frac{5}{\pi} \cdot \left( -\cos \frac{\pi y}{5} \right) \Big|_{2.5-d}^{2.5+d} dx$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4z_0}{22.5} \cdot \frac{4.5 \cdot 5}{\pi^2} \left[ \left( \cos \frac{\pi(2.5-d)}{5} - \cos \frac{\pi(2.5+d)}{5} \right) \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\pi(1.5-c)}{4.5} - \cos \frac{\pi(1.5+c)}{4.5} \right) \right]$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4Z_0}{u^2} \left[ \left( \cos \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{ud}{5} + \sin \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{ud}{5} \right) - \left( \cos \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{ud}{5} + \sin \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{ud}{5} \right) \right]$$

$$\left( \cos \frac{u}{3} \cos \frac{uc}{4.5} + \sin \frac{u}{3} \sin \frac{uc}{4.5} - \cos \frac{u}{3} \cos \frac{uc}{4.5} + \sin \frac{u}{3} \sin \frac{uc}{4.5} \right)$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4Z_0}{u^2} \left[ 2 \cdot \sin \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{ud}{5} \cdot 2 \cdot \sin \frac{u}{3} \sin \frac{uc}{4.5} \right]$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{16Z_0}{u^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{ud}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{uc}{4.5}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} Z_{11} = \lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} \frac{8Z_0 \sqrt{3}}{u^2} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{ud}{5}}{\frac{ud}{5}} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{uc}{4.5}}{\frac{uc}{4.5}} \cdot \frac{uc}{4.5}$$

$$= 1 \cdot \frac{uc}{4.5}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{c \rightarrow 0 \\ d \rightarrow 0}} Z_{11} = \frac{8 \cdot 20 \sqrt{3} \cdot u^2 \cdot c \cdot d}{u^2 \cdot 4.5 \cdot 5.0} = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{4.5 \cdot 5.0} = 0.3079$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{Z_{11}}{k \cdot u^4 \left( \frac{1}{4.5^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} \right)^2} = 1.9784 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$W(x, y) = 1.9784 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot \sin \frac{ux}{4.5} \cdot \sin \frac{uy}{5.0}$$

$$\sigma_{11}^{PEI} = W(1.5; 2.5) = 1.7133 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\sigma_{11}^{PEII} = 1.7133 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\sigma_{21}^{PEI} = \sigma_{12}^{PEI} = W(3.0; 2.5) = 1.7133 \cdot 10^{-5} = \sigma_{21}^{PEII} = \sigma_{12}^{PEII}$$

$$x_2 = 1$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4Z_0}{u^2} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{uv}{5} \sin \frac{ud}{5} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{uv}{4.5} \sin \frac{uc}{4.5}$$

$$u = 3.0 \quad v = 2.5$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{16Z_0}{u^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sin \frac{ud}{5} \sin \frac{uc}{4.5}$$

$$A_{11} = 1.9784 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\sigma_{22}^{PEI} = \sigma_{22}^{PEII} = 1.7133 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

\* Stub

$$\delta_{11}^{st} = \int \frac{N_1^2}{EF} ds = \frac{1^2 \cdot 3,0}{30 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,15^2} = 0,4 \cdot 10^{-6} = \delta_{22}^{st}$$

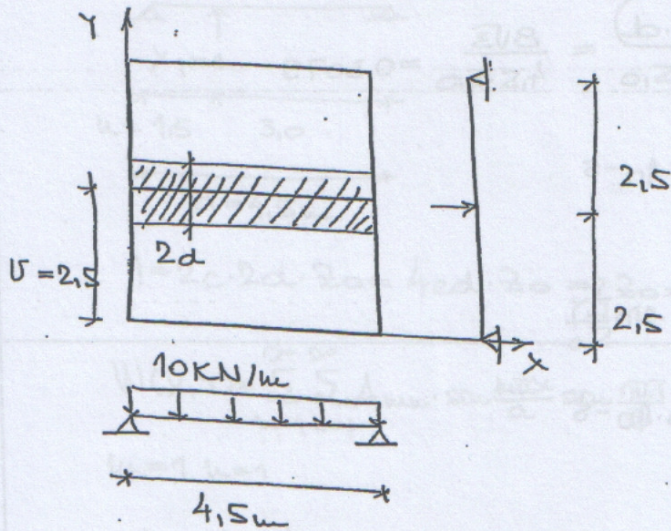
$$\delta_{11} = \delta_{11}^{Pl I} + \delta_{11}^{st} + \delta_{11}^{Pl II} = 3,4665 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\delta_{12} = \delta_{21} = \delta_{12}^{Pl I} + \delta_{12}^{Pl II} = 3,4265 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\delta_{22} = \delta_{22}^{Pl I} + \delta_{22}^{st} + \delta_{22}^{Pl II} = 3,4665 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

\* Spoločné opterečenie

I plocha



$$W(x, y) = A_{11} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{a} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{b}$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{k \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{a} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{b} dx dy$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{4,5 \cdot 5} \int_0^{4,5} p_0 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{a} dx \int_0^5 \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{b} dy$$

$$2d \cdot a \cdot p_0 = p$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{22,5} \int_0^{4,5} p_0 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4,5} \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\bar{u}(2,5-d)}{5} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(2,5+d)}{5} \right) dx \cdot \frac{a \cdot b}{\bar{u}^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{22,5} \cdot p_0 \cdot (\cos 0 - \cos \bar{u}) \left( \cos \frac{\bar{u}}{2} \cos \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} + \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{2} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}}{2} \cos \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} + \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{2} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} \right) \cdot \frac{22,5}{\bar{u}^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4p_0}{22,5} \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} = \frac{16p_0}{\bar{u}^2} \sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{5}$$

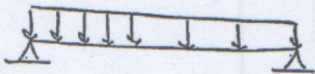
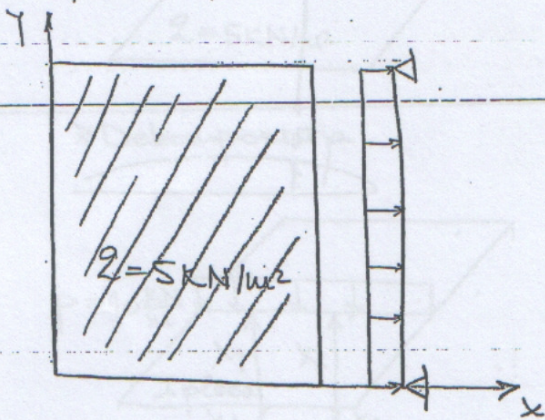
$$\lim_{d \rightarrow 0} z_{11} = \lim_{d \rightarrow 0} \frac{16p_0}{\bar{u}^2} \cdot \frac{\sin \frac{\bar{u}d}{5}}{\frac{\bar{u}d}{5}} \cdot \frac{\bar{u}d}{5} = \frac{8 \cdot 10}{5 \cdot \bar{u}} = 5,0930$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{5,0930}{20000 \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{4,5^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} \right)^2} = 3,2722 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$W(x, y) = 3,2722 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4,5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$\delta_{10}^{plI} = -W(1,5; 2,5) = -2,8338 \cdot 10^{-4} = \delta_{20}^{plI}$$

II ploraa



$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{k \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{4,5 \cdot 5} \int_0^{4,5} 5 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4,5} dx \int_0^5 \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5} dy = 8,1057$$

$$A_{11} = 5,2078 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$W(x, y) = 5,2078 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{4,5} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$\delta_{10}^{peII} = +W(1,5; 2,5) = 4,5101 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\delta_{20}^{peII} = +W(3,0; 2,5) = 4,5101 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\delta_{10} = \delta_{10}^{peI} + \delta_{10}^{peII} = 1,6763 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\delta_{20} = \delta_{20}^{peI} + \delta_{20}^{peII} = 1,6763 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\delta_{11} x_1 + \delta_{12} x_2 + \delta_{10} = 0$$

$$\delta_{21} x_1 + \delta_{22} x_2 + \delta_{20} = 0$$

$$x_1 = x_2 = -2,4318 \rightarrow \text{Stubovi: su zategnuti}$$

$$z = z_0 + z_1 \cdot x_1 + z_2 \cdot x_2$$

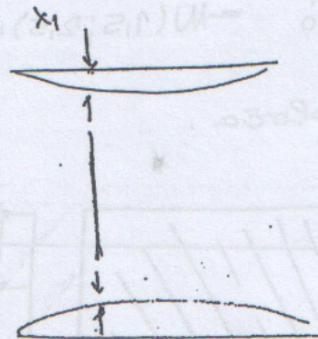
$$W^I = W_0^I + W_1^I \cdot x_1 + W_2^I \cdot x_2$$

$$x = 2,25 \quad y = 2,5$$

$$W^I = 4,2344 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$W^{II} = W_0^{II} + W_1^{II} \cdot x_1 + W_2^{II} \cdot x_2$$

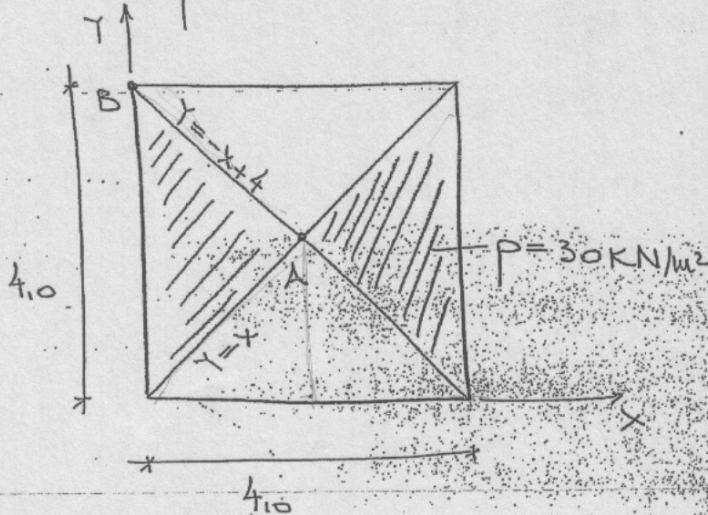
$$W^{II} = 4,2456 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$



(13)

24.06.2002.

7. Za pravougaonu ploču opterećenu prema slici računati presečne sile u označenim tačkama. Koristiti prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslobojena.



$$E = 300 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0,20$$

$$h = 0,12 \text{ m}$$

$$K = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = 4500$$

$$\text{I: } \left. \begin{array}{l} x=0 \quad y=0 \\ x=4 \quad y=4 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow y=x$$

$$\text{II } \left. \begin{array}{l} x=0 \quad y=4 \\ x=4 \quad y=0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow y=-x+4$$

$$W(x,y) = A_{11} \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{z_{11}}{K \cdot a^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{a \cdot b} \iint_0^a \iint_0^b z(x,y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$z_{11} = \frac{4}{16} \cdot p \left[ \int_0^2 \int_{x_i}^{-x+4} \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} dx \int_0^4 \sin \frac{\pi y}{4} dy + \int_2^4 \int_{-x+4}^4 \sin \frac{\pi x}{4} dx \int_{-x+4}^x \sin \frac{\pi y}{4} dy \right]$$

$$Z_n = \frac{4 \cdot 30}{16} \frac{1}{u} \left[ \int_0^2 \sin \frac{u x}{4} \left( \cos \frac{u x}{4} - \cos \frac{u(-x+4)}{4} \right) dx + \int_2^4 \sin \frac{u x}{4} \cdot \left( \cos \frac{u(-x+4)}{4} - \cos \frac{u x}{4} \right) dx \right] \quad \text{Jucatury}$$

$$Z_n = 24,3171$$

$$A_n = 3,5504 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$W(x, y) = 3,5504 \cdot 10^{-3} \sin \frac{u x}{4} \sin \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$M_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = 11,8264 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{4} \sin \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$M_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 11,8264 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{4} \sin \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$M_{xy} = -K(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = -7,8843 \cdot \cos \frac{u x}{4} \cos \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$T_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x \partial y^2} \right) = 15,4807 \cdot \cos \frac{u x}{4} \sin \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$T_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial y^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^2 \partial y} \right) = 15,4807 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{4} \cos \frac{u y}{4}$$

$$A(2,0; 2,0)$$

$$B(0; 4,0)$$

$$M_{x,A} = 11,8264$$

$$M_{x,B} = 0$$

$$M_{y,A} = 11,8264$$

$$M_{y,B} = 0$$

$$M_{xy,A} = 0$$

$$M_{xy,B} = 7,8843$$

$$T_{x,A} = 0$$

$$T_{x,B} = 0$$

$$T_{y,A} = 0$$

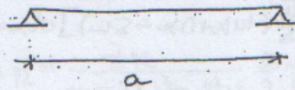
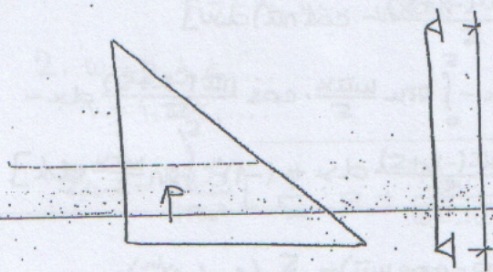
$$T_{y,B} = 0$$

# NAVER

(14)

2.8.02.2004.

1. Za trougaonu ploču opterećenju prema slici odrediti rešenje za ugib u proizvoljnoj tački ploče. Koristeći prvi član koji je različit od nule, sračunati max ugib ploče. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslonjena.



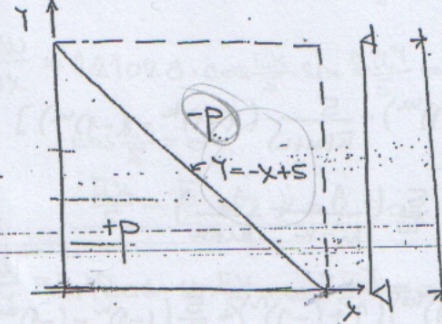
$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$

$$v = 0$$

$$h = 0,12 \text{ m}$$

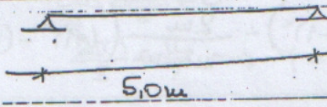
$$P = 30 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$a = 5,0 \text{ m}$$



$$J = -x + a$$

$$\int_0^a \int_0^{a-x} \dots = \int_0^a \int_{x-a}^x \dots$$



$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$



$$A_{mn} = \frac{Z_{mn}}{k \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{4}{25} \cdot 30 \left[ \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} dx \int_0^5 \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dy - \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} dx \int_{-x+5}^5 \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dy \right]$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{120}{25} \cdot \frac{5}{n\bar{u}} \left[ \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} (\cos 0 - \cos \frac{n\pi(-x+5)}{5}) dx - \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} (\cos \frac{n\pi(-x+5)}{5} - \cos n\bar{u}) dx \right]$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{24}{n\bar{u}} \left[ \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} dx - \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi(-x+5)}{5} dx - \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi(-x+5)}{5} dx + (-1)^n \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} dx \right]$$

$$J_1 = \int_0^5 \sin \frac{m\pi x}{5} dx = \frac{5}{m\bar{u}} (\cos 0 - \cos m\bar{u}) = \frac{5}{m\bar{u}} (1 - (-1)^m)$$

$$J_2 = \int_0^5 \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sin \left( \frac{\bar{u}}{5} (m\pi x - n\pi y + 5\pi) \right) + \sin \frac{\bar{u}}{5} (m\pi x + n\pi y + 5\pi) \right] dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_0^5 \sin \left( \frac{\bar{u}x(m-n)}{5} + \pi n \right) dx + \int_0^5 \sin \left( \frac{\bar{u}x(m+n)}{5} - \pi n \right) dx \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{5}{\bar{u}(m-n)} (\cos \pi n - \cos \bar{u}(m-n)) + \frac{5}{\bar{u}(m+n)} (\cos(-\pi n) - \cos m\bar{u}) \right]$$

$$\frac{\bar{u}x(m-n)}{5} + \pi n = t$$

$$\frac{\bar{u}(m-n)}{5} dx = dt$$

$$J_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{5}{\bar{u}(m-n)} (1 - (-1)^m) + \frac{5}{\bar{u}(m+n)} (1 - (-1)^m) \right]$$

$$J_2 = \frac{1}{2} [1 - (-1)^m] \cdot \frac{5}{\bar{u}} \left( \frac{1}{m-n} + \frac{1}{m+n} \right)$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{24}{n\bar{u}} \left[ \frac{5}{m\bar{u}} (1 - (-1)^m) (1 + (-1)^n) + \frac{5}{\bar{u}} (1 - (-1)^m) \left( \frac{1}{m-n} + \frac{1}{m+n} \right) \right]$$

$$Z_{mn} = \frac{120}{n\bar{u}^2} \left[ \frac{1}{m} (1 - (-1)^m) (1 + (-1)^n) - \frac{2m}{m^2 - n^2} (1 - (-1)^m) \right]$$

Ako su  $m$  ili oba parna ili oba neparna  $\Rightarrow Z_{mm} = 0$

1.  $m = 2k+1, k = 0, 1, \dots, \infty$   
 $n = 2k$

$$Z_{mm} = \frac{120}{n\bar{u}^2} \left[ \frac{1}{m} (1+1)(1+1) + \frac{2m}{m^2 - \bar{u}^2} (1+1) \right]$$

$$Z_{mm} = \frac{120}{n\bar{u}^2} \left[ \frac{4}{m} - \frac{4m}{m^2 - \bar{u}^2} \right] = \frac{480}{n\bar{u}^2} \left( \frac{1}{m} - \frac{m}{m^2 - \bar{u}^2} \right)$$

2.  $m = 2, 4, 6, \dots$   
 $n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$

$$Z_{mm} = \frac{120}{n\bar{u}^2} \left[ \frac{1}{m} \cdot 0 - \frac{2m}{m^2 - \bar{u}^2} (-1-1) \right] = \frac{480 \cdot m}{n\bar{u}^2 (m^2 - \bar{u}^2)}$$

$$Z_{12} = \frac{480}{2 \cdot 10^2} \left( \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{1^2 - 2^2} \right) = \frac{240}{10^2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3} \right) = 32,4228$$

$$A_{12} = \frac{Z_{12}}{K \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{2^2}{5^2} \right)^2} = 1,9262 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$K = \frac{30 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,12^3}{12(1-0)} = 4320$$

$$W(x, y) = 1,9262 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{2\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial x} = 1,21028 \cdot \cos \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{2\bar{u}y}{5} = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} = 0$$

$$\frac{\bar{u}x}{5} = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = 2,50$$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial y} = 2,4206 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cdot \cos \frac{2\bar{u}y}{5} = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{2\bar{u}y}{5} = 0$$

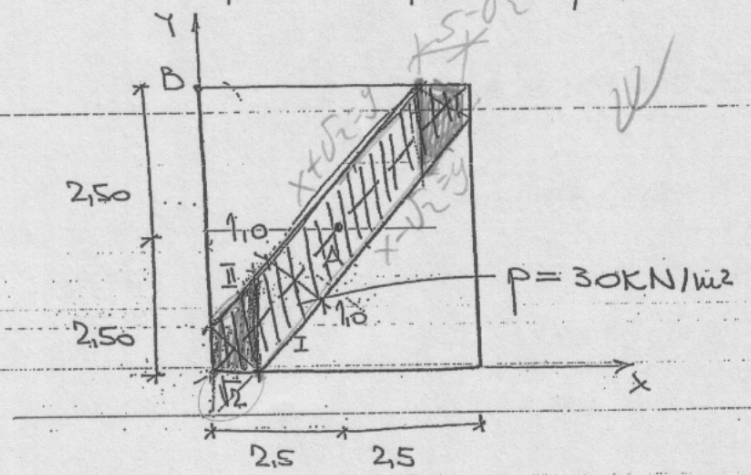
$$\frac{2\bar{u}y}{5} = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow y = 1,25$$

$$W(2,50; 1,25) = \max W = 1,9262 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

(10)

02.09.2002.

1. Za pravougaonu ploču opterećenu prema slici sračunati presečne sile u označenim tačkama. Koristiti prvi član reda Fourierovog rešenja. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslobojena.



$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0,2$$

$$h = 0,2 \text{ m}$$

$$K = \frac{30 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0,2^3}{12(1-0,2^2)} = 20833,3$$

$$Y = Kx + w$$

$$k = 1$$

$$I: Y = x - \sqrt{2}$$

$$II: Y = x + \sqrt{2}$$

$$W(x,y) = A_{11} \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5}$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{2w}{K\pi^4 \left( \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$2w = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x,y) \sin \frac{\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$2w = \frac{4}{25} \cdot 30 \left[ \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dy + \int_{\sqrt{2}}^5 \int_{\sqrt{2}}^5 \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} dx \int_{\sqrt{2}}^5 \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dy + \int_{\sqrt{2}}^5 \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\pi x}{5} dx \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\pi y}{5} dy \right]$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{120}{25} \cdot \frac{5}{\bar{u}} \left[ \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cdot (\cos 0 - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(x+\sqrt{2})}{5}) dx + \right. \\ \left. + \int_{5-\sqrt{2}}^5 \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}(x-\sqrt{2})}{5} - \cos \frac{\bar{u}(x+\sqrt{2})}{5}) dx + \right. \\ \left. + \int_{5-\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{2}} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} (\cos \frac{\bar{u}(x-\sqrt{2})}{5} - \cos \bar{u}) dx \right]$$

$$z_{II} = \frac{120}{5\bar{u}} [0,5323 + 2,8946 + 0,5323] = 30,2468$$

$$A_{II} = \frac{30,2468}{20833,3 \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2} = 2,3288 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$W(x, y) = 2,3288 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

Tačka A:

$$W(2,5; 2,5) = 2,3288 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Tačka B:

$$W(0; 5,0) = 0$$

Presečne sile:

$$M_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = 22,9848 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 22,9848 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_{xy} = -K(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = -15,3232 \cdot \cos \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cos \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$T_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x \partial y^2} \right) = 24,0696 \cdot \cos \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$T_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial y^3} + \frac{\partial^3 W}{\partial x^2 \partial y} \right) = 24,0696 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cos \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_{x,A} = 22,9848 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{x,B} = 0$$

$$M_{y,A} = 22,9848 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{y,B} = 0$$

$$M_{xy,A} = 0$$

$$M_{xy,B} = 15,3232 \text{ KNm}$$

$$T_{x,A} = 0$$

$$T_{x,B} = 0$$

$$T_{y,A} = 0$$

$$T_{y,B} = 0$$

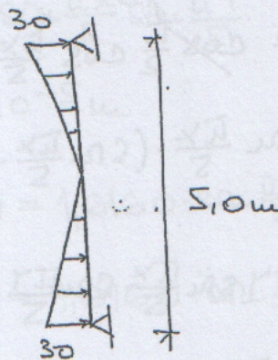
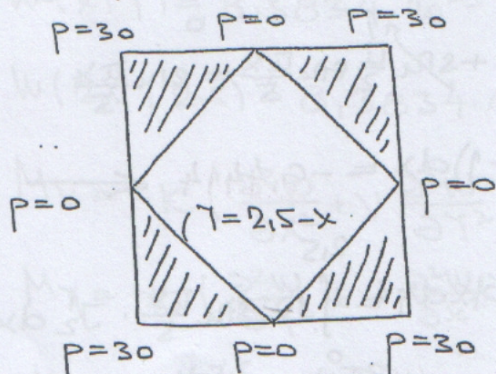
# NAVIER

(21)

GRĘSIA JĘR MORA 4. Zimm ju

20.04.2006. se 4 puta integrirani rista figura

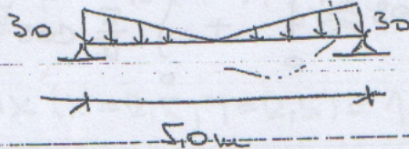
1. Za kvadratnu ploču opterećenu opterećenjem na slici odrediti momente savijanja i usjib u sredini ploče. Koristiti prvi član reda usvojenog rešenja. Ploča je po konturi slobodno oslojena.



$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0,12$$

$$h = 0,25 \text{ m}$$



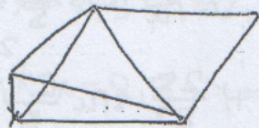
$$y = ax + b$$

$$x=0 \quad y=2,5 \Rightarrow 2,5 = b$$

$$x=2,5 \quad y=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 2,5a + b$$

$$a = -1$$

$$y = -x + 2,5$$



$$z(x, y) = Ax + By + C$$

$$x=0 \quad y=0 \quad z=30 \Rightarrow 30 = C$$

$$x=2,5 \quad y=0 \quad z=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 2,5A + C \Rightarrow A = -12$$

$$x=0 \quad y=2,5 \quad z=0 \Rightarrow 0 = 2,5B + C \Rightarrow B = -12$$

$$z(x, y) = -12x - 12y + 30$$

$$W(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$A_{mn} = \frac{z_{mn}}{K \cdot 4 \left( \frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2} \right)^2}$$

$$z_{mn} = \frac{4}{a \cdot b} \int_0^a \int_0^b z(x, y) \sin \frac{m\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$u=1 \quad u=1$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4 \cdot 4}{25} \int_0^{2,5} \int_0^{2,5-x} (-12x - 12\gamma + 30) \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma dx$$

$$Z_{11} = \frac{4}{25} \cdot (J_1 + J_2 + J_3)$$

$$J_1 = \int_0^{2,5} \int_0^{2,5-x} (-12x) \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} dx d\gamma = +12 \frac{5}{u} \int_0^{2,5} x \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_0^{2,5-x} dx$$

$$\cos \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5} = \cos \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{u x}{5} + \sin \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} = \sin \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$J_1 = \frac{60}{u} \int_0^{2,5} x \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cdot (\sin \frac{u x}{5} - 1) dx = -6,4414 \quad \leftarrow$$

$$J_2 = \int_0^{2,5} \int_0^{2,5-x} -12\gamma \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} dx d\gamma = - \int_0^{2,5} 12 \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cdot J_2' dx$$

$$J_2' = \int_0^{2,5-x} \gamma \cdot \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = - \frac{5}{u} \gamma \cdot \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_0^{2,5-x} + \int_0^{2,5-x} \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma$$

$$\int u dv = u \cdot v - \int v du$$

$$u = \gamma \Rightarrow du = d\gamma \quad \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} d\gamma = dv \Rightarrow - \frac{5}{u} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} = v$$

$$J_2' = - \frac{5}{u} (2,5-x) \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{5}{u} \cdot 0 \cdot \cos 0 + \frac{25}{u^2} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_0^{2,5-x}$$

$$\sin \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5} = \sin \frac{u}{2} \cos \frac{u x}{5} + \cos \frac{u}{2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} = \cos \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$J_2' = - \frac{5}{u} (2,5-x) \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} + \frac{25}{u^2} \cdot \cos \frac{u x}{5}$$

$$J_2 = \int_0^{2,5} \left( \frac{60}{u} (2,5-x) \cdot \sin \frac{u x}{5} - \frac{300}{u^2} \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u x}{5} \right) dx$$

$$J_2 = 3,4249$$

$$J_3 = \int_0^{2,5} \int_0^{2,5-x} 30 \sin \frac{u x}{5} \sin \frac{u \gamma}{5} dx d\gamma = \int_0^{2,5} - \frac{150}{u} \sin \frac{u x}{5} \cos \frac{u \gamma}{5} \Big|_0^{2,5-x} dx$$

$$J_3 = - \frac{150}{u} \int_0^{2,5} \sin \frac{u x}{5} \left( \cos \frac{u(2,5-x)}{5} - \cos 0 \right) dx = - \frac{150}{u} \int_0^{2,5} \sin \frac{u x}{5} (\sin \frac{u x}{5} - 1) dx$$

$$J_3 = 16,3078$$

$$z_{11} = 2,1266$$

$$A_{11} = \frac{2,1266}{k \cdot \bar{u}^4 \left( \frac{1}{2s} + \frac{1}{2s} \right)^2} = 8,3834 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$K = 40690,1042$$

$$W(x, y) = 8,3834 \cdot 10^{-5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$W(2,5; 2,5) = 8,3834 \cdot 10^{-5} \mu$$

$$M_x = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} \right) = 1,6160 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_y = -K \left( \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} \right) = 1,6160 \cdot \sin \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \sin \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_{xy} = -K(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x \partial y} = -1,0774 \cdot \cos \frac{\bar{u}x}{5} \cos \frac{\bar{u}y}{5}$$

$$M_x(x=2,5; y=2,5) = 1,6160$$

$$M_y(x=2,5; y=2,5) = 1,6160$$

$$M_{xy}(x=2,5; y=2,5) = 0$$